



higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

TOURIST DESTINATIONS N5

21 November 2024

This marking guideline consists of 9 pages.

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

1.1	1.1.1	• South Africa • Angola • Botswana • Zambia	(4)
	1.1.2	Malagasy ariary	(1)
	1.1.3	Morocco	(1)
	1.1.4	The Nile River	(1)
	1.1.5	Madagascar	(1)
	1.1.6	Coffee	(1)
	1.1.7	Jomo Kenyatta International Airport	(1)
	1.1.8	Phosphates	(1)
	1.1.9	Hinduism	(1)
	1.1.10	Masai Mara Nature Reserve	(1)
	1.1.11	Baobab Tree	(1)
	1.1.12	Mount Karthala	(1)
	1.1.13	Rhino, elephant, lion, buffalo and leopard	(5)

1.2	1.2.1	True
	1.2.2	False
	1.2.3	False
	1.2.4	False
	1.2.5	False
	1.2.6	True
	1.2.7	True
	1.2.8	True
	1.2.9	False
	1.2.10	False
	1.2.11	True
	1.2.12	False
	1.2.13	True
	1.2.14	False
	1.2.15	True
	1.2.16	False
	1.2.17	True
	1.2.18	True
	1.2.19	True
	1.2.20	True

(20 × 1) (20)
[40]

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

SECTION B

Answer any FOUR questions in this section.

QUESTION 2

2.1	2.1.1	Nairobi	(1)
	2.1.2	Iten	(1)
	2.1.3	Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (IATA: NBO), is an international airport in Nairobi, the capital of and largest city in Kenya. The other three important international airports in Kenya are the Kisumu International Airport, Moi International Airport and Eldoret International Airport. JKIA is located in the Embakasi suburb 18 kilometres (11 mi) southeast of Nairobi's central business district.	(2)

- 2.1.4 Mombasa:
- Rainfall is as low as 10 mm in February as high as 325 mm in May. An average of 9 hours of sunshine per day. Humidity is between 70–79% throughout the year.
- Lake Victoria:
- The temperatures are much higher and rainfall can be heavy. The rainy season lasts from April to June, followed by a short rainy November. (4 × 2) (8)
- 2.1.5 Longonot is a stratovolcano which contains a large 8 × 12 km caldera formed by vast eruptions of trachytic lava some 21,000 years ago. The current summit cone was developed within the earlier caldera. This cone itself is capped by a 1.8 km crater. (2 × 2) (4)
- 2.1.6 Located near the Nairobi National Park main entrance, the orphanage cares for orphaned or injured animals, before they are released back into the wild. (2 × 2) (4)
- 2.2
- 2.2.1 Q
- 2.2.2 M
- 2.2.3 J
- 2.2.4 R
- 2.2.5 N
- 2.2.6 P
- 2.2.7 O
- 2.2.8 T
- 2.2.9 I
- 2.2.10 U
- 2.2.11 C
- 2.2.12 F
- 2.2.13 B
- 2.2.14 G
- 2.2.15 S
- 2.2.16 E
- 2.2.17 U
- 2.2.18 A
- 2.2.19 D
- 2.2.20 H
- (20 × 1) (20)
- [40]**

QUESTION 3

3.1	3.1.1	Mozambique		
	3.1.2	Tanzania		
	3.1.3	Malawi		
	3.1.4	Tanzania		
	3.1.5	Mozambique		
	3.1.6	Malawi		
	3.1.7	Tanzania		
	3.1.8	Mozambique		
	3.1.9	Malawi		
	3.1.10	Mozambique		
	3.1.11	Malawi		
	3.1.12	Malawi		
	3.1.13	Mozambique		
	3.1.14	Tanzania		
	3.1.15	Tanzania		
	3.1.16	Malawi		
	3.1.17	Mozambique		
	3.1.18	Mozambique		
	3.1.19	Malawi		
	3.1.20	Tanzania		
			(20 × 1)	(20)
3.2	3.2.1	Mwaya Road, Masaki, Plot No 1338, Dar Es Salaam 00255 22 260 1800 <u>madishan@dirco.gov.za</u>		(3)
	3.2.2	- Federal Air - King Air Charter - Swift Flite	(Any 2 × 1)	(2)
	3.2.3	Late June to October: Outside of the rainy season (April–May).	(2 + 2)	(4)
	3.2.4	- Avid Africa Travel - Destinations Uncovered - Hartley's Safaris - Rove Africa Islands & Safaris	(Any 3 × 1)	(3)
	3.2.5	- Kiswahili - English	(No specific order)	(2)
	3.2.6	Kilimanjaro International Airport: Mount Kilimanjaro National Park Julius Nyerere International Airport: Dar Es Salaam		(4)
	3.2.7	Service charges are included in the bill.		(2)

QUESTION 4

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------|---|----------|------|
| 4.1 | 4.1.1 | Tuna fishing | | |
| | 4.1.2 | Koravalu Mosque | | |
| | 4.1.3 | Baros | | |
| | 4.1.4 | Kuda Rah Thila | | |
| | 4.1.5 | Eidal Alha | | |
| | 4.1.6 | Baa | | |
| | 4.1.7 | Lhohifushi | | |
| | 4.1.8 | Vaavu Atholl | | |
| | 4.1.9 | November to Easter | | |
| | 4.1.10 | Vaadhu | (10 × 2) | (20) |
| 4.2 | 4.2.1 | Yes, all resorts have professional diving schools with fully qualified instructors. Diving instructors are experienced and familiar with diving conditions. | (1 + 4) | (5) |
| | 4.2.2 | Addu or Seenu atoll is south of the equator, the southernmost atoll and an exclusive destination for a stylish retreat in the Maldives. Addu Atoll is steeped in history and culture, home to remnants of the British colonial endeavour, a unique dialect and some of the country's most esteemed scholars and businessmen. Now more commonly referred to as Addu City, it's the country's largest population centre after Malé.

Together with Fuvahmulah island, which is part of the Gnaviyani atoll, it is located 52 km north of Addu Atoll, they form the southern border of the Maldives Republic, expanding to the south of the equator.

Addu Atoll is the main economic and administrative centre in the south of Maldives rivalling Male in importance and magnitude. The second international airport in the Maldives located on Gan Island and the luxurious resort of Shangri-La's Villingili Resort and Spa play an important role in the development of the tourism industry of the Maldives. This includes several tea shops, the Koravula Mosque, a modern hospital, secondary school, vocational centre and Islamic centre. | | (5) |
| | 4.2.3 | Kurumba is 15 minutes by boat from the airport and 10 minutes from Male. | (2 × 2) | (4) |
| | 4.2.4 | Resorts in the Maldives celebrated World Food Day on 16 October 2020. The international day marks the founding date of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization in 1945. Includes a food fair and creates awareness of local food produce. | (3 × 2) | (6) |

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QUESTION 5

- 5.1 5.1.1
 - English
 - French (2)
- 5.1.2 Asilah
Thousands of spectators come to see international artists repaint the murals on the whitewashed houses in the medina every year. Walls are used as a canvas for the imagination of the artists, which produces a mix of fantasy and geometric designs blending perfectly in a Moroccan urban architecture. Typically quiet during winter, the village comes to life and blooms in July and August when the festivities takes place. Moreover, apart from the paintings on the walls, there are plenty of exhibitions, concerts, and performances!
- The Cultural Moussem of Asilah festival features writers, painters, musicians and dancers who take part in many workshops, public art demonstrations, concerts and exhibitions throughout the month. A dozen of internationally known engraving artists every year share their experience and skills on two printing frames granted by the Asilah Cultural Association. Every artist donates some of his work to the Association, which has gathered quite a collection. Also, regular poetry readings are held at the Hassan II Centre and the Raissouni Palace. Many of the events are free of charge. (1 + 4) (5)
- 5.1.3 Ricks Café (1)
- 5.1.4
 - Dominated by the Kissane Jbel, recognizable with its tajine dish shape, Agdz opens to the Drâa valley, 69 km south of Ouarzazate.
 - Located on the old caravan road connecting Marrakesh and Timbuktu, Agdz, which means 'resting place', is a well-deserved name. It is now articulated around the main square with its small souk (market), the downtown area with its friendly atmosphere and all the services you could need.
 - Downhill is the old village with its old traditional houses and little gardens surrounding the palm grove. (3 × 2) (6)
- 5.1.5
 - Carpets
 - Rugs
 - Ornate metal work
 - Craftwork (4)
- 5.1.6 Ziz Rheris (2)

5.2	5.2.1	Marrakech	(20 × 1)	(20) [40]
	5.2.2	Tangier		
	5.2.3	Rabat		
	5.2.4	Tangier		
	5.2.5	Meknes		
	5.2.6	Rabat		
	5.2.7	Marrakech		
	5.2.8	Tangier		
	5.2.9	Rabat		
	5.2.10	Meknes		
	5.2.11	Marrakech		
	5.2.12	Rabat		
	5.2.13	Meknes		
	5.2.14	Tangier		
	5.2.15	Rabat		
	5.2.16	Meknes		
	5.2.17	Marrakech		
	5.2.18	Tangier		
	5.2.19	Marrakech		
	5.2.20	Meknes		

QUESTION 6

6.1	6.1.1	• Malawi • Kasungu Kaudom • Lengwe • Liwonde • Vwasa	(4 × 2)	(8)
	6.1.2	• Namibia • Ai-Ais and Fish River Canyon • Etosha Park • Kaudom • Namib Naukluft		
6.2	6.2.1	I	(12 × 1)	
	6.2.2	M		
	6.2.3	A		
	6.2.4	J		
	6.2.5	N		
	6.2.6	O		
	6.2.7	E		
	6.2.8	H		
	6.2.9	C		
	6.2.10	D		
	6.2.11	B		
	6.2.12	G		

6.3	6.3.1	Mount Elgon National Park is located on the western side of Kenya along the border of Uganda where it shares sister protection with Uganda's Mount Elgon National Park under the same name. The Kenyan National Park encompasses an area of 494 square miles (1,179 sq. km). Mount Elgon is the pinnacle attraction within the park reaching a summit of 14,177 feet (4,321 m). It is believed to be the oldest extinct volcano in East Africa. Sitting atop the plateau, the mountain rises 10,070 feet (3,070 m) from base to summit. Mount Elgon is 50 miles (80 km) in diameter and features five separate peaks. The highest point is the Wagagai peak. In descending order, the remaining peaks include: Sudek 14,114 feet (4,302 m), Koitobos 13,852 feet (4,222 m), Mubiyi 13,816 feet (4,211 m), and Masaba 13,652 feet (4,161 m). The highest and two lowest peaks are actually located in Uganda with the second highest being right on the border and shared between Kenya and Uganda. Koitobos is the third highest peak and the only one solely in Kenya. The Elgon caldera is one of the largest intact calderas in the world rivaling the Tanzania neighbor Ngorogoro Crater caldera which holds the title as the world's largest. The slopes of the mountain feature diverse vegetation including montane forest, moorland, and tundra.	(Any 3 × 2)	(6)
	6.3.2	• Cheetahs • Aardwolves • Caracals • Rothschild's giraffes • Ostriches • Abyssinian ground hornbills • Copious elephants • Zebras • Buffaloes • Lions	(Any 5 × 1)	(5)
	6.3.3	A three-hour ride from Paraa goes mornings and afternoons and passes hippos, crocodiles, buffaloes and birds galore, plus usually elephants too. Another trip stops at the base of the falls for a spectacular hike to the top which must be arranged in advance.	(3 × 2)	(6)
	6.3.4	• Water: no direct services • Rail: no direct services • Road: via Victoria Falls, to the coast of Tanzania crossing the border into Kenya, Uganda.		(3)
				[40]
				TOTAL SECTION B:
				GRAND TOTAL:
				160