



eduresourceza.com



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION
SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION – NOVEMBER 2018

**LIFE ORIENTATION
COMMON ASSESSMENT TASK
PART B**

EXAMINATION NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Time: 2 hours

70 marks

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Ensure that you write legibly at all times. Failure to do so may result in loss of marks.
 2. Write in dark blue or black ink only.
 3. For each of the questions: read or review the source and then answer the questions that follow.
 4. Take cognizance of the mark allocations before answering the questions in Section A. Marks will be awarded for each different and viable explanation.
 5. Remember – quality over quantity is important (avoid one worded answers).
-

INTRODUCTION

CAT Part A focussed on a number of interrelated themes.

- The importance of knowing and understanding yourself in order to reflect on your values and to be compelled to live with purpose.
- The document then introduced the theme of injustice – where people are exploited and ill-treated because of their circumstantial vulnerabilities. This encouraged empathy for those less fortunate than you and encouraged a deeper understanding of their daily struggles.
- You were then invited to debate the importance of moral leadership and to understand the leadership dilemma.
- The final task assessed on your sense of agency and problem-solving skills.

CAT Part B will continue along these themes and examine how well you have internalised the concepts and ideas of the CAT and invite you to further consider the moral dilemma of leadership.

SECTION A SHORT QUESTIONS**QUESTION 1****SOURCE 1****Brandon Frere discusses how millennials drive corporate social responsibility**

Companies need to keep an eye on their **millennial** customers due to an upcoming event known as the *Great Wealth Transfer**, considered the greatest transfer of wealth in history.

*With millennials having even more buying power in the coming years, **CEOs** should look into business practices that reflect their younger consumers' ideals, including socially responsible practices like "**going green**".

A business blog writes about how business leaders could go green by implementing recycling practices, have their energy usage audited or even introduce a **telecommuting** policy to reduce fuel consumption. Within each of these initiatives are more ideas to compound on the eco-friendly actions. Brandon Frere, CEO and social change **advocate**, recommends that business owners look at their current **sustainability** practices and assess their company's values. Shifting to low-impact and greener choices are not only good for the environment but could also be good for publicity.

"A **multi-layered approach** to a new green policy could be beneficial to your company," says Frere. "You may have employees who have eco-friendly lifestyles and would appreciate seeing those types of initiatives implemented at their job. It could also improve company morale for all employees, knowing there is an underlying common mission to help the environment at work."

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is not a new concept; however, the way that Millennials are affecting businesses will soon change the way they conduct themselves. Business leaders need to start strategizing for their millennial customers.

According to a Nielsen survey, 73 percent of millennials prefer to work with socially responsible companies. More so, 81 percent of millennials expect their brands to make a public commitment to good corporate citizenship. These numbers indicate marketing teams need to shift their tactics to reflect the changing tides.

Millennials are looking for companies to give back to society by getting involved, to be transparent about their socially good efforts and to give millennials the opportunity to get involved with the company's efforts.

[San Francisco Business Times, Jun 29, 2018, <https://www.bizjournals.com/sanfrancisco/prnewswire/press_releases/California/2018/06/29/NY42152>, Accessed 3 July 2018]

Glossary

- Millennials – millennials, also known as Generation Y were born between 1976 and 2004
- CEO – Chief Executive Officer – the highest-ranking person in an institution
- "Going green" – making more environmentally friendly decisions such as to "reduce, reuse and recycle"
- Telecommuting – work from home, making use of the internet, email, and the telephone
- Advocate – a person who publicly supports or recommends a particular cause or policy
- Sustainability – avoid the depletion of natural resources in order to maintain an ecological balance
- Multi-layered approach – an approach that involves many different actions

- 1.1 Interpret from the article: Why should CEOs ensure that their "business practices reflect their younger consumers' ideals"?

(2)

- 1.2 According to the article, state any ONE benefit that can be derived from adopting a greener model.

(1)

- 1.3 What three aspects does this article suggest millennials are looking for in their employment companies?

(3)

[6]

QUESTION 2

SOURCE 2

HOW CORRUPTION CAN DESTROY ECONOMIES

According to Transparency International, corruption is "one of the greatest challenges of the **contemporary world**", particularly for developing countries.

INVESTORS DISCOURAGED

Business International's **Corruption Index** indicates that more corrupt countries experienced significantly lower investment rates, because of a negative relationship between corruption and investments.

Corruption's negative effect on South Africa's total investment is **indisputable**. Even local investors tend to hold back their big investment projects and operations. In a Grant Thornton survey, 58% of executives interviewed indicated that they were delaying their business expansions in South Africa.

SERVICE DELIVERY UNDERMINED

Corruption also fuels poor **service delivery**, according to Corruption Watch. This is because huge amounts of money that could be used for service delivery are lost to corruption every year.

A report by the Special Investigative Unit (SIU) in 2011 highlighted irregularities and wasteful expenditure within the education sector. Other examples include roads built using poor material in order to gain surplus money for private gain. This is a serious economic problem because poor government delivery hinders business growth.

REVENUE SERVICES HAMPERED

There are various reasons behind this. First, widespread corruption undermines the culture of **compliance**, thereby increasing tax evasion, which erodes state revenue. It also creates mistrust and thus **demoralises** entrepreneurs from establishing new businesses in the formal sector, further eroding state revenue.

PUBLIC SPENDING INFLATED

Corruption also tends to distort government expenditure and may even lead to the provision of goods and services that are not needed. It can also take the form of cost **inflation** – where costs of goods or projects are inflated. It's estimated the country loses about R25 billion each year to corruption in government procurement.

FISCAL DEFICIT AND DEBT ACCUMULATION

Since corruption increases government spending and reduces government **revenue** in South Africa, it can be concluded that corruption has some contribution to the large budget deficit (3,9% in 2016) and government debt (currently 51% of GDP).

In conclusion, corruption is a chronic economic and social ill that we must fight. Through collaborative work and dedication, we can do this. We must free our country from corruption and "economic gangsters".

[How Corruption can destroy economies, 2018, Old Mutual Life Insurance, <<https://www.oldmutual.co.za/how-corruption-can-destroy-economies>>, accessed 3 July 2018.]

Glossary

- Contemporary world – the circumstances and ideas of the modern world
- Corruption Index – an annual **ranking** of countries by their perceived levels of **corruption**
- Indisputable – unable to be challenged or denied
- Service delivery – the act of providing a service to customers
- Compliance – an act of obeying an order, rule, or request
- Demoralises – cause someone to lose confidence or hope
- Inflation – a general increase in prices and fall in the purchasing value of money
- Fiscal – relating to government revenue, especially taxes
- Revenue – a country's annual income

- 2.1 As indicated in the source, provide two reasons why investors would be reluctant to invest, and entrepreneurs would be reluctant to establish businesses in South Africa.

(2)

- 2.2 2.2.1 What solution does the source give for "fighting" against corruption?

(1)

- 2.2.2 Explain what is meant by the above solution and give an example to illustrate your response.

(3)

- 2.3 After reading this article and considering the insights you gained from your CAT Part A discussions and all the problems facing humanity, is corruption one of the greatest challenges facing society? Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

- 2.4 Consider all the negative effects of corruption outlined in the source. Select one effect from the source that you believe has had the greatest impact on the South African economy and then briefly explain why you believe this to be so.

(3)
[11]

QUESTION 3**SOURCE 3****Society must demand politicians undergo lifestyle audits – David Makhura**

Acting ANC provincial chairperson and Gauteng premier David Makhura says some civil servants in South Africa might pass a competency test but would fail dismally in integrity and ethics.

Makhura was speaking at the close of the Kgalema Motlanthe Foundation's **inaugural** three-day Inclusive Growth Forum on Sunday.

He encouraged South Africans to cultivate an obsession with integrity and ethics, saying the issue of dealing with corruption could not be resolved through only making the right appointments in the country's crime-fighting institutions.

"I know there are very competent civil servants whose ethical and moral standing is not so good – very competent – but whose ethical and moral grounding is very questionable," he told guests at the conference.

Acknowledging that his view might get him into trouble with some of his peers, Makhura added that it was "**fundamental**" for society to insist on politicians undergoing lifestyle audits.

"If you are not willing to subject your own life for the public to know that, why should they trust you with the most important decisions of the country?" asked Makhura.

"We need to make it impossible to steal"

The Gauteng premier also said the course of fighting corruption needed to change in SA.

"The **paradigm** of fighting corruption must not just be about catching the thieves and sending them to prison. If we are preoccupied with just catching the thieves we are not changing the value system to make sure it's difficult to steal," said Makhura.

"We need a lot of reforms that prevent and make it impossible for the thief to steal," continued the premier.

[Tshidi Madia, 18 June 2018, News 24, <<https://www.news24.com/SouthAfrica/News/society-must-demand-politicians-undergo-lifestyle-audits-david-makhura-20180618>>, accessed 3 July 2018]

Glossary

- Inaugural – the marking of the beginning of an institution, activity, or period of office
- Fundamental – of vital importance
- Paradigm – a world view, pattern or model

- 3.1 What does Makhura encourage South Africans to cultivate and insist on in order to fight corruption?

(2)

- 3.2 According to the article, what would the attitude of the public be to politicians who refuse to subject their lives to public scrutiny?

(1)

- 3.3 3.3.1 What does Makhura suggest needs to change amongst law enforcement agencies in order to ensure the effective fighting of corruption and crimes in society?

(2)

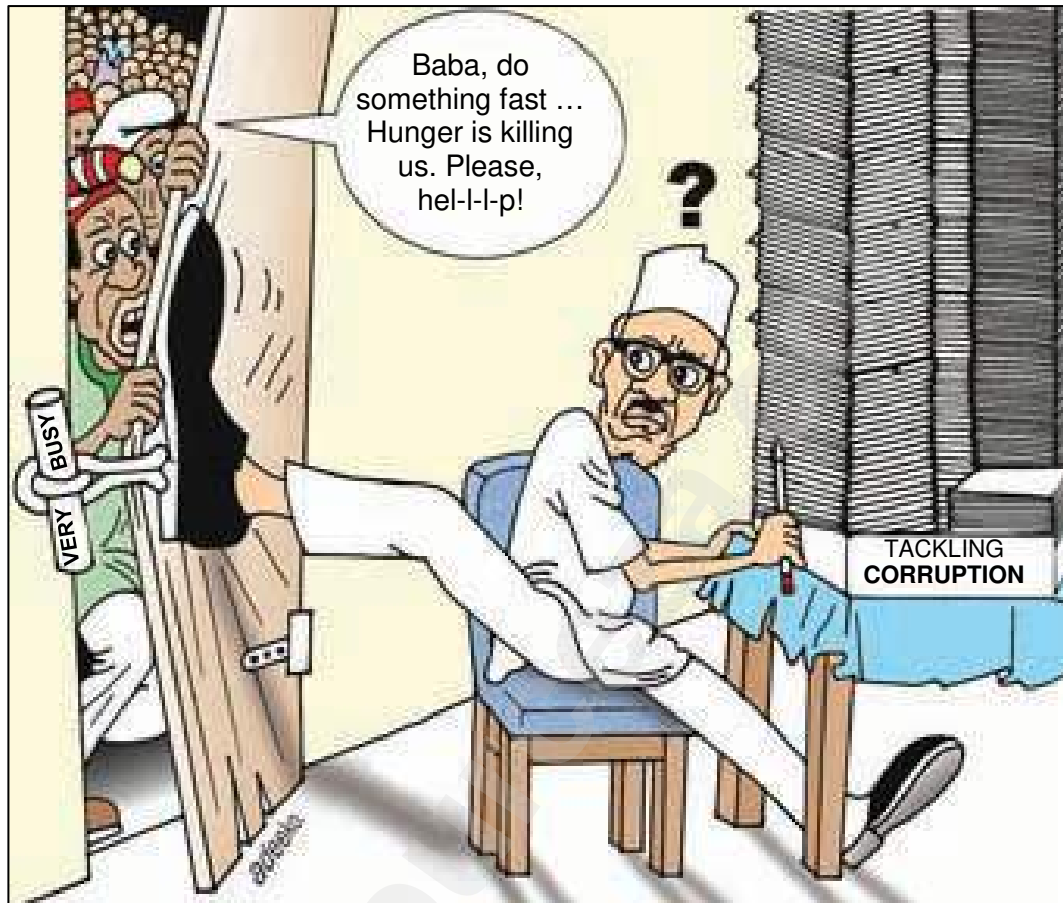
- 3.3.2 Briefly discuss ONE way for government to ensure that the above is realised.

(2)

- 3.3.3 Briefly discuss what your own role in the above might be.

(2)

[9]

QUESTION 4**SOURCE 4**

[The state of the anti-corruption war, <<http://www.tribuneonlineeng.com/117977/>>, accessed 3 July 2018]

Explain what the cartoonist is communicating to his viewers and then link it to the current South African socio-economic challenges.

[4]

30 marks

SECTION B DISCURSIVE ESSAY

It is essential that we enter into a debate on crime and our criminal justice system, as well as on how we can make the justice system work more efficiently, in order to effectively protect and rehabilitate the perpetrators and the accused within the system and to protect the victims and society as a whole.

QUESTION 5

Discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statement in the form of a discursive essay:

High crime rates and lawlessness in South Africa are a consequence of indifference and complacency.

Glossary

- Indifference – a lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern to take action on undesirable circumstances
- Complacency – satisfied with one's merits, advantages, situation, etc., often without awareness of some potential danger or defect; without critique

Consider the following quotes before planning your essay:

War, poverty, corruption, hunger, misery, human suffering will not change in a monetary system. That is, there will be very little significant change. It's going to take the redesign of our culture and values.

[Jacque Fresco, 2008, <<http://www.azquotes.com/quote/728457>>, 3 July 2018]

To remain indifferent to the challenges we face is indefensible. If the goal is noble, whether or not it is realized within our lifetime is largely irrelevant. What we must do therefore is to strive and persevere and never give up.

[Dalai Lama XIV, <<https://www.goodreads.com/quotes/tag/indifference>>, 5 July 2018]

My research continues to amaze and baffle me. As human beings, we are geniuses. What we didn't get from the home, we find ways of getting elsewhere. It's evident, then, when one looks at the stats, we don't have a teenage pregnancy problem and we don't have a street gang problem. I will even suggest that we don't have a drug and alcohol problem, nor do we have a crime problem rather, these are only the symptoms that we are experiencing, and the real problem is broken homes that result in broken lives.

[Drexel Deal, *The Fight of My Life is Wrapped Up in My Father* <<https://www.goodreads.com/quotes/tag/crime-prevention>>, 5 July 2018]

Planning

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. A diagonal watermark, "eduresourceza.com", is visible across the page. The watermark is light gray and spans from the bottom left towards the top right. There are approximately 20 horizontal lines on the page.

QUESTION 5

DISCURSIVE ESSAY RESPONSE

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal blue ruling lines. A diagonal watermark with the text "eduresourceza.com" is visible across the page. The watermark is light gray and oriented from the bottom-left towards the top-right. There are approximately 20 horizontal lines spaced evenly down the page.

40 marks

Total: 70 marks

ADDITIONAL PAGES FOR THE COMPLETION OF SECTION A QUESTIONS:

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL PAGES FOR THE COMPLETION OF SECTION A QUESTIONS:

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. A diagonal watermark, which reads "eduresourceza.com", is visible across the center of the page. The watermark is light gray and semi-transparent. There are no margins or other markings on the paper.