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Examiner: Mr K. Ndoda

Time: 3 hours

Moderator: Mr D. Christian

Marks: 200

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. Please ensure that you have both **QUESTION PAPER** and **SOURCE BOOKLET**.
2. Read the questions carefully.
3. This paper consists of:

Section A, which includes **/ 60 Marks**

- Individual source analysis: Textual/ Visual/ Media source

Section B, which includes **/ 90 Marks**

- Source-based questions using the source booklet

AND

Section C, which includes: **/ 50 Marks**
Source Based Essay using the Source Booklet

4. Number your answers exactly as the questions are numbered.
5. Leave a line open between your answers
6. It is in your own interest to write legibly. Work in an orderly way and present your answers as neatly as possible
7. Candidates must pay attention to the mark allocation. Unless otherwise indicated 2 marks are awarded for a valid point. This means that a question carrying 4 marks requires two points.
8. Use the sources provided to formulate your answer unless specifically instructed to use your own knowledge.

SECTION A:	/ 60 Marks
SECTION B:	/ 90 Marks
SECTION C:	/ 50 Marks

SECTION A:
INDIVIDUAL SOURCE ANALYSIS

QUESTION ONE: VISUAL SOURCE

The image of Yeltsin standing on a tank and inviting the army to break from the 1991 coup was the high point of his career. Photograph: Diane-Lu Hovasse



1. What position did Boris Yeltsin hold in 1991 before the coup? (2)
2. Who was the leader of the Soviet Union at this time? (2)
3. Explain the significance of this event. (4)
4. What would the reaction have been to this photo if you were:
 - a) An American
 - b) A conservative member of the Russian Communist Party(4)
5. Give TWO limitations of this source. (4)
6. What flag is in the background? How has it changed from the previous USSR flag? (4)

(20)

QUESTION TWO: TEXTUAL SOURCE

This is an extract from a speech that was delivered at the base of the Brandenburg Gate in Berlin, Germany, on 12 June 1987 by President Ronald Reagan of the United States to the people of West Berlin.

In the 1950s, Khrushchev predicted: 'We will bury you.' But in the West today, we see a free world that has achieved a level of prosperity and well-being unprecedented* in all human history. In the Communist world, we see failure, technological backwardness, declining standards of health, even want of the most basic kind – too little food. Even today, the Soviet Union still cannot feed itself. After these four decades, then, there stands before the entire world one great and inescapable conclusion: Freedom leads to prosperity. Freedom replaces the ancient hatreds among the nations with comity* and peace. Freedom is the victor. And now the Soviets themselves may, in a limited way, be coming to understand the importance of freedom. We hear much from Moscow about a new policy of reform and openness. Some political prisoners have been released. Certain foreign news broadcasts are no longer being jammed*. Some economic enterprises have been permitted to operate with greater freedom from state control. Are these the beginnings of profound changes in the Soviet state? Or are they token gestures, intended to raise false hopes in the West, or to strengthen the Soviet system without changing it? We welcome change and openness; for we believe that freedom and security go together, that the advance of human liberty can only strengthen the cause of world peace. There is one sign the Soviets can make that would be unmistakable, that would advance dramatically the cause of freedom and peace. General Secretary Gorbachev, if you seek peace, if you seek prosperity for the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe, if you seek liberalisation*: Come here to this gate! Mr Gorbachev, open this gate! Mr Gorbachev, tear down this wall!

<http://usgovinfo.about.com/od/historicdocuments/a/teardownwall.htm>

* **unprecedented** = has not happened before

* **comity** = courtesy and friendship

* **jammed** = blocked

* **liberalization** = reform

2.1 According to Reagan, why was the Communist world considered to be a failure? Write down THREE reasons.

(6)

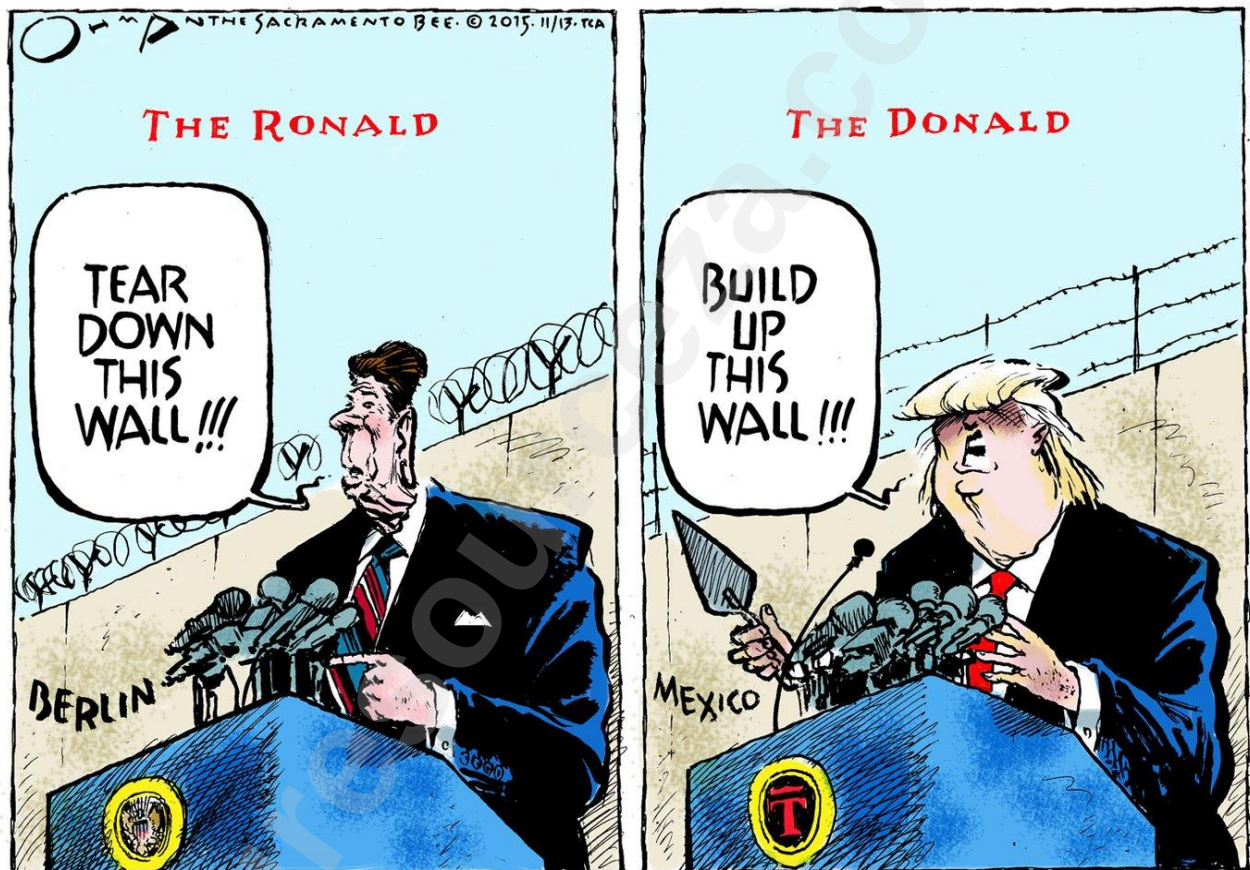
- 2.2 Use your knowledge to write down the terms given to the 'new policy of reform and openness' that were introduced by Gorbachev. Write down TWO terms. (4)
- 2.3 What, according to Reagan, would be the one sign that Gorbachev could make to prove that his new policy was not a 'token gesture'? (2)
- 2.4 Write down one propaganda technique that has been used by Reagan in this speech. Support your answer with ONE quote from the source. (4)
- 2.5 This speech is often referred to as one of history's iconic speeches. Use your knowledge of the historical context of this speech to explain why. Your answer should include TWO comprehensive points. (4)

(20)

QUESTION THREE:

MEDIA SOURCE

The following is a political cartoon by Jack Ohman, which appeared in *The Sacramento BEE*, on 12 November 2015. It compares the sentiments of two American Presidents, regarding walls – President Ronald Reagan shown calling for the Berlin Wall to be torn down (1987), and current US President, Donald Trump calling for the erection of a wall between the USA and Mexico (2015).



[<https://tribunecontentagency.com/article/ohman-jack-color-editorial-cartoon-20151112edohc-atif/>]

- 3.1 What is the attitude of the cartoonist, Jack Ohman, towards Donald Trump? Support your answer with TWO references to the source. (6)
- 3.2 Do you think the cartoonist was supportive of Donald Trump's idea of building a wall? Support your answer with a visual clue from the cartoon. (2)

3.3 *Trump's call for a wall to be built is compared with Reagan's call for a wall to be torn down:*

3.3.1 With reference to the source and your own knowledge, what was the context in which Reagan was making his call in Berlin in 1987? Your answer should consist of TWO comprehensive points. (4)

3.3.2 In the context of the cartoon and your own knowledge, explain why the cartoonist has compared Reagan with Trump. Your answer should consist of TWO comprehensive points. (4)

3.4 According to the cartoonist, how is Trump's approach towards the erection of a wall similar to that of past Soviet leader, Nikita Khrushchev? Be sure to include TWO similarities in your answer. (4)

(20)

TOTAL: 60

SECTION B:

SOURCE-BASED QUESTIONS

Study the sources contained in the Source Booklet and then answer the following questions:

Refer to Source A

1. **Find ONE word from the source which fits the following definition (no explanation needed).**
 - 1.1 A symbol of the 'Cold War'. (2)
 - 1.2 Persons engaged in fighting during a war / conflict. (2)
 - 1.3 Persons engaged in secret activities for a country or organisation. (2)
 - 1.4 The radical transfer of power from one state leadership to another. (2)
 - 1.5 The military wing / army of the ANC. (2)
2. **The source refers to changes in the Soviet Union's foreign policy by 1989.**
 - 2.1 What were the TWO necessities for this change in policy? (4)
 - 2.2 What motivated the Russians to make this policy change? (2)
 - 2.3 How did this change affect the Soviet's relationship with the apartheid government of South Africa at this time? (2)
 - 2.3 Explain why the Soviet Union turned its back on the ANC. Use the Evidence in the source and your own knowledge. (4)
 - 2.4 Explain how the change in relationship between the Soviets and the ANC altered the ANC's strategic thinking in 1989. (4)

Refer to Source B

3. **State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE (no explanation is needed).**
 - 3.1 The communist regimes in Eastern Europe also collapsed once the USSR had ceased to exist. (2)
 - 3.2 Source B is a secondary source of evidence. (2)

- 3.3 Source B is a limited as it is only an extract of the original. (2)
- 3.4 Source B is a useful source of evidence for historians researching South Africa's transition to democracy. (2)
- 3.5 Source B is a reliable source of evidence for historians researching South Africa's transition to democracy because the writer was living at the time of the events described. (2)
4. According to this writer, explain the factors which motivated the ANC to enter into negotiations with the apartheid government. (4)

Refer to Source C

5. Provide TWO reasons why de Klerk made several overseas trips in 1989 to meet world leaders. (4)
6. Why, according to the extract, did Gorbachev's reforms have such a strong impact on the actions of de Klerk? (4)

Refer to Source D

7. According to de Klerk, what events in 1989 have prompted him to lead South Africa, "...on the road of drastic change." Identify TWO. (4)
8. Evaluate the reliability of this source for historians researching South Africa's transition to democracy. (6)
9. President de Klerk makes use of a number of biased words. Choose TWO words or phrases and suggest what his intention was in making use of them. (6)

Refer to Source E

10. Use your own knowledge to place this newspaper headline in historical context by explaining the immediate results of this announcement. (4)
11. Explain the impact that this headline would have had on the following groups of people when it appeared in south Africa:
- 11.1 supporters of the AWB (4)
- 11.2 supporters of the ANC (4)
12. Provide a definition for the term, 'reconciliation'. (2)

Refer to Source F

13. Why would a source such as Source F be of value for students studying History? (4)
14. According to de Klerk, why was Mandela released in 1990? (4)
15. Explain to what extent you would agree with de Klerk's statement: 'The ANC was previously an instrument of the expansionism of Russia in Southern Africa.' Use evidence from the sources and your knowledge. (4)

TOTAL: 90

SECTION C:

SOURCE-BASED ESSAY

In this section you will be expected to use all the sources to extract relevant information to answer the essay question.

You will be expected to:

- ✓ Identify the information from each source and reference the sources by letter
- ✓ Group the sources and indicate which sources support or oppose the topic question (*For your own planning*)
- ✓ Take a definite stand on the question
- ✓ Develop an argument supporting the point of view you have chosen
- ✓ Acknowledge a counter argument
- ✓ Communicate your point of view clearly

Use Sources A to F in the **Source Material Booklet** to write a Source-based Essay on the following topic:

To what extent did the USSR's decline, and eventual collapse, lead to a negotiated end to apartheid in South Africa? (50)

- *Be sure to use the sources provided to construct your argument and remember to reference the sources by letter.*

TOTAL: 200