



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICS P2

NOVEMBER 2019

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

**This question paper consists of 14 pages, 1 information sheet
and an answer book of 24 pages.**

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

1. This question paper consists of 10 questions.
2. Answer ALL the questions in the SPECIAL ANSWER BOOK provided.
3. Clearly show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs, etc. which you have used in determining your answers.
4. Answers only will NOT necessarily be awarded full marks.
5. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
6. If necessary, round off answers correct to TWO decimal places, unless stated otherwise.
7. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
8. An information sheet with formulae is included at the end of the question paper.
9. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

The table below shows the monthly income (in rands) of 6 different people and the amount (in rands) that each person spends on the monthly repayment of a motor vehicle.

MONTHLY INCOME (IN RANDS)	9 000	13 500	15 000	16 500	17 000	20 000
MONTHLY REPAYMENT (IN RANDS)	2 000	3 000	3 500	5 200	5 500	6 000

- 1.1 Determine the equation of the least squares regression line for the data. (3)
- 1.2 If a person earns R14 000 per month, predict the monthly repayment that the person could make towards a motor vehicle. (2)
- 1.3 Determine the correlation coefficient between the monthly income and the monthly repayment of a motor vehicle. (1)
- 1.4 A person who earns R18 000 per month has to decide whether to spend R9 000 as a monthly repayment of a motor vehicle, or not. If the above information is a true representation of the population data, which of the following would the person most likely decide on:
 - A Spend R9 000 per month because there is a very strong positive correlation between the amount earned and the monthly repayment.
 - B NOT to spend R9 000 per month because there is a very weak positive correlation between the amount earned and the monthly repayment.
 - C Spend R9 000 per month because the point (18 000 ; 9 000) lies very near to the least squares regression line.
 - D NOT to spend R9 000 per month because the point (18 000 ; 9 000) lies very far from the least squares regression line. (2)

[8]

QUESTION 2

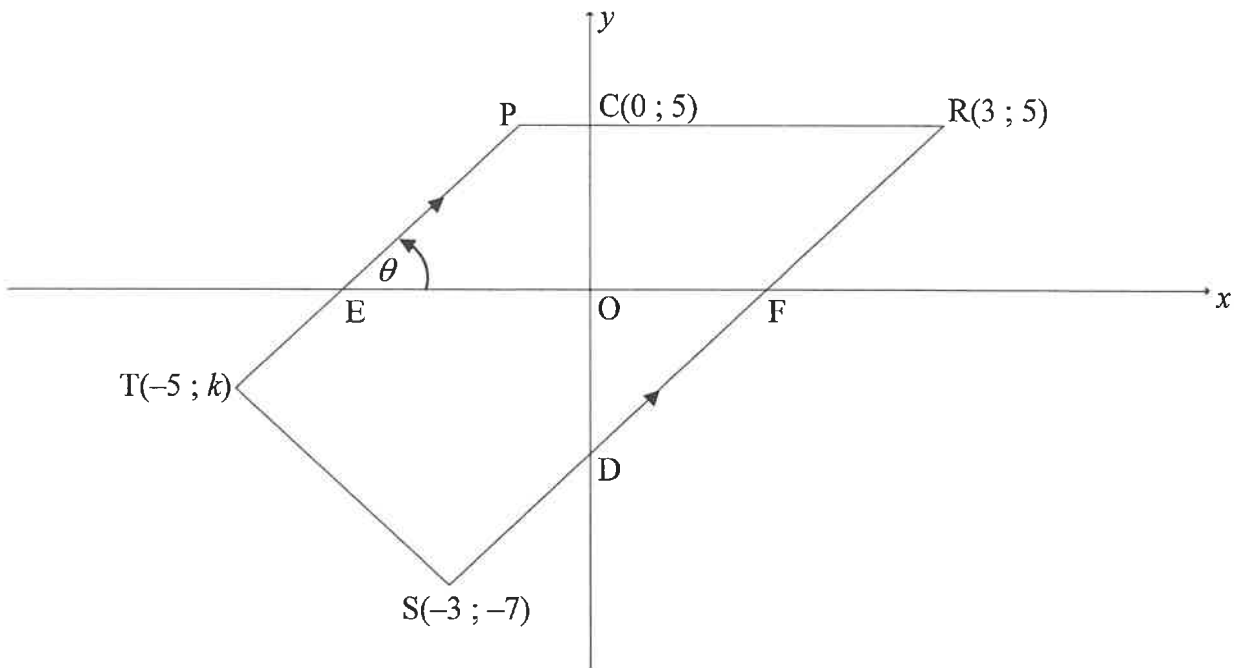
A survey was conducted among 100 people about the amount that they paid on a monthly basis for their cellphone contracts. The person carrying out the survey calculated the estimated mean to be R309 per month. Unfortunately, he lost some of the data thereafter. The partial results of the survey are shown in the frequency table below:

AMOUNT PAID (IN RANDBS)	FREQUENCY
$0 < x \leq 100$	7
$100 < x \leq 200$	12
$200 < x \leq 300$	a
$300 < x \leq 400$	35
$400 < x \leq 500$	b
$500 < x \leq 600$	6

- 2.1 How many people paid R200 or less on their monthly cellphone contracts? (1)
- 2.2 Use the information above to show that $a = 24$ and $b = 16$. (5)
- 2.3 Write down the modal class for the data. (1)
- 2.4 On the grid provided in the ANSWER BOOK, draw an ogive (cumulative frequency graph) to represent the data. (4)
- 2.5 Determine how many people paid more than R420 per month for their cellphone contracts. (2)
- [13]**

QUESTION 3

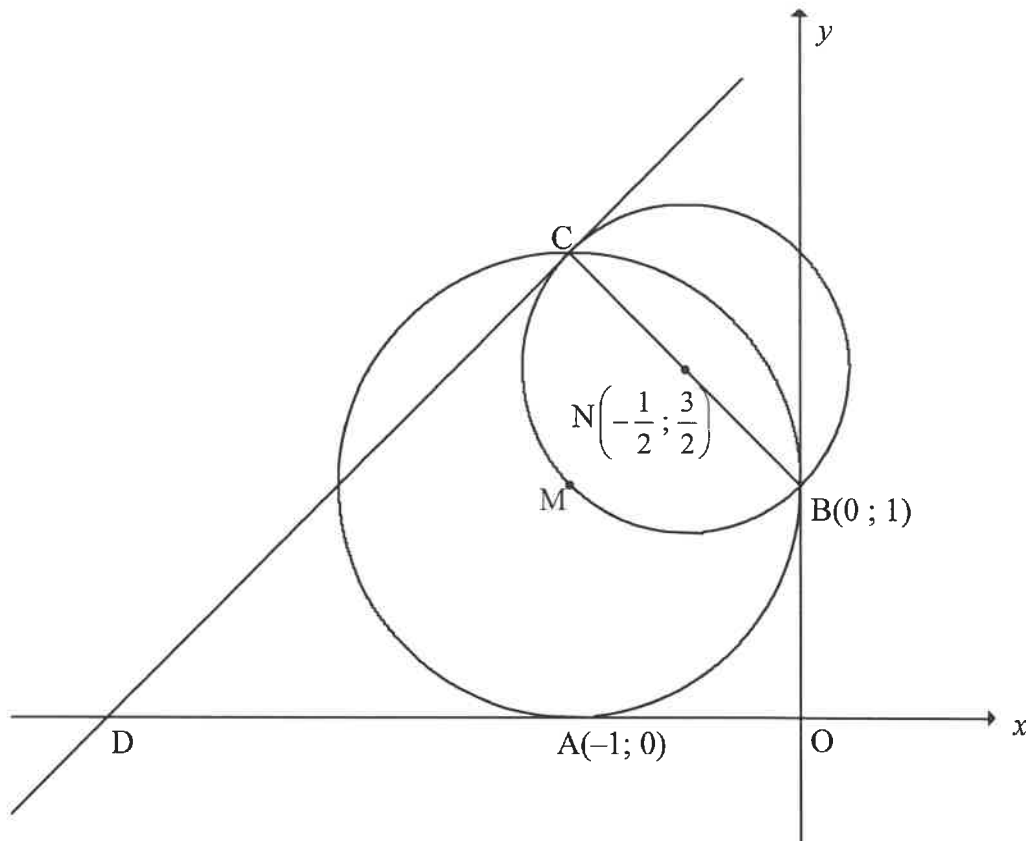
In the diagram, P, R(3 ; 5), S(-3 ; -7) and T(-5 ; k) are vertices of trapezium PRST and $PT \parallel RS$. RS and PR cut the y-axis at D and C(0 ; 5) respectively. PT and RS cut the x-axis at E and F respectively. $\hat{PEF} = \theta$.



- 3.1 Write down the equation of PR. (1)
- 3.2 Calculate the: (3)
- 3.2.1 Gradient of RS (2)
- 3.2.2 Size of θ (3)
- 3.2.3 Coordinates of D (3)
- 3.3 If it is given that $TS = 2\sqrt{5}$, calculate the value of k . (4)
- 3.4 Parallelogram TDNS, with N in the 4th quadrant, is drawn. Calculate the coordinates of N. (3)
- 3.5 $\triangle PRD$ is reflected about the y-axis to form $\triangle P'R'D'$. Calculate the size of $\hat{R'D'R'}$. (3)
- [19]

QUESTION 4

In the diagram, a circle having centre M touches the x -axis at $A(-1; 0)$ and the y -axis at $B(0; 1)$. A smaller circle, centred at $N\left(-\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}\right)$, passes through M and cuts the larger circle at B and C . BNC is a diameter of the smaller circle. A tangent drawn to the smaller circle at C , cuts the x -axis at D .



- 4.1 Determine the equation of the circle centred at M in the form $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$ (3)
- 4.2 Calculate the coordinates of C . (2)
- 4.3 Show that the equation of the tangent CD is $y - x = 3$. (4)
- 4.4 Determine the values of t for which the line $y = x + t$ will NOT touch or cut the smaller circle. (3)
- 4.5 The smaller circle centred at N is transformed such that point C is translated along the tangent to D . Calculate the coordinates of E , the new centre of the smaller circle. (3)
- 4.6 If it is given that the area of quadrilateral $OBCD$ is $2a^2$ square units and $a > 0$, show that $a = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2}$ units. (5)

[20]

QUESTION 5

5.1 Simplify the following expression to ONE trigonometric term:

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x \cdot \tan x} + \sin(180^\circ + x) \cos(90^\circ - x) \quad (5)$$

5.2 **Without using a calculator**, determine the value of: $\frac{\sin^2 35^\circ - \cos^2 35^\circ}{4 \sin 10^\circ \cos 10^\circ}$ (4)

5.3 Given: $\cos 26^\circ = m$

Without using a calculator, determine $2 \sin^2 77^\circ$ in terms of m . (4)

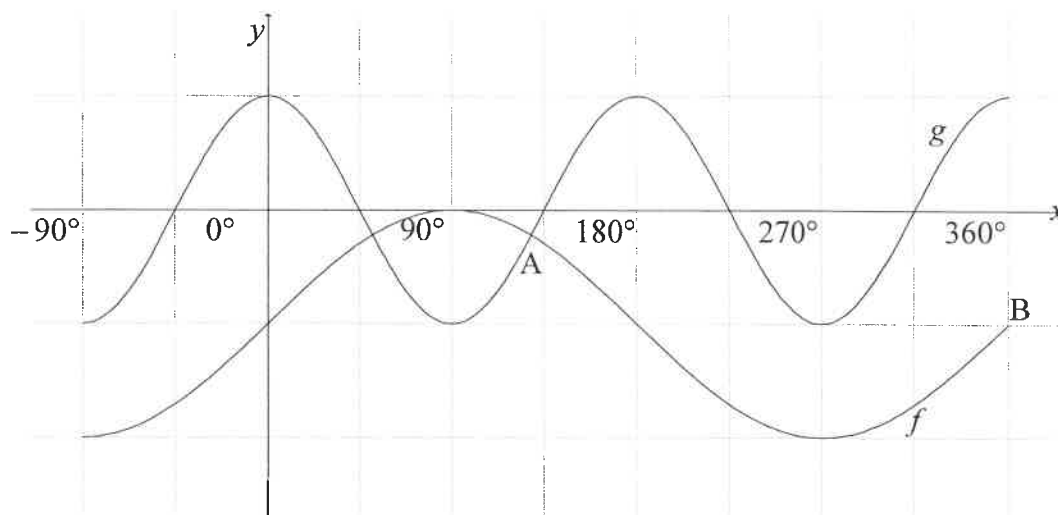
5.4 Consider: $f(x) = \sin(x + 25^\circ) \cos 15^\circ - \cos(x + 25^\circ) \sin 15^\circ$

5.4.1 Determine the general solution of $f(x) = \tan 165^\circ$ (6)

5.4.2 Determine the value(s) of x in the interval $x \in [0^\circ; 360^\circ]$ for which $f(x)$ will have a minimum value. (3)
[22]

QUESTION 6

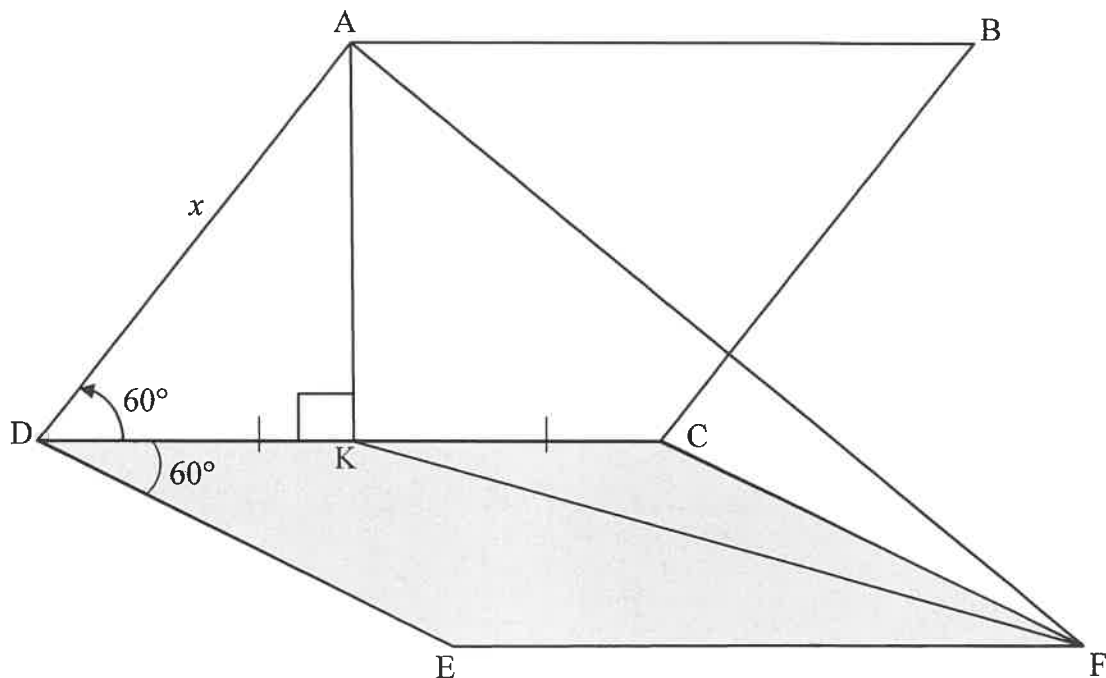
In the diagram, the graphs of $f(x) = \sin x - 1$ and $g(x) = \cos 2x$ are drawn for the interval $x \in [-90^\circ; 360^\circ]$. Graphs f and g intersect at A. B($360^\circ; -1$) is a point on f .



- 6.1 Write down the range of f . (2)
- 6.2 Write down the values of x in the interval $x \in [-90^\circ; 360^\circ]$ for which graph f is decreasing. (2)
- 6.3 P and Q are points on graphs g and f respectively such that PQ is parallel to the y -axis. If PQ lies between A and B, determine the value(s) of x for which PQ will be a maximum. (6)
- [10]

QUESTION 7

The diagram below shows a solar panel, $ABCD$, which is fixed to a flat piece of concrete slab $EFCD$. $ABCD$ and $EFCD$ are two identical rhombuses. K is a point on DC such that $DK = KC$ and $AK \perp DC$. AF and KF are drawn. $\hat{ADC} = \hat{CDE} = 60^\circ$ and $AD = x$ units.

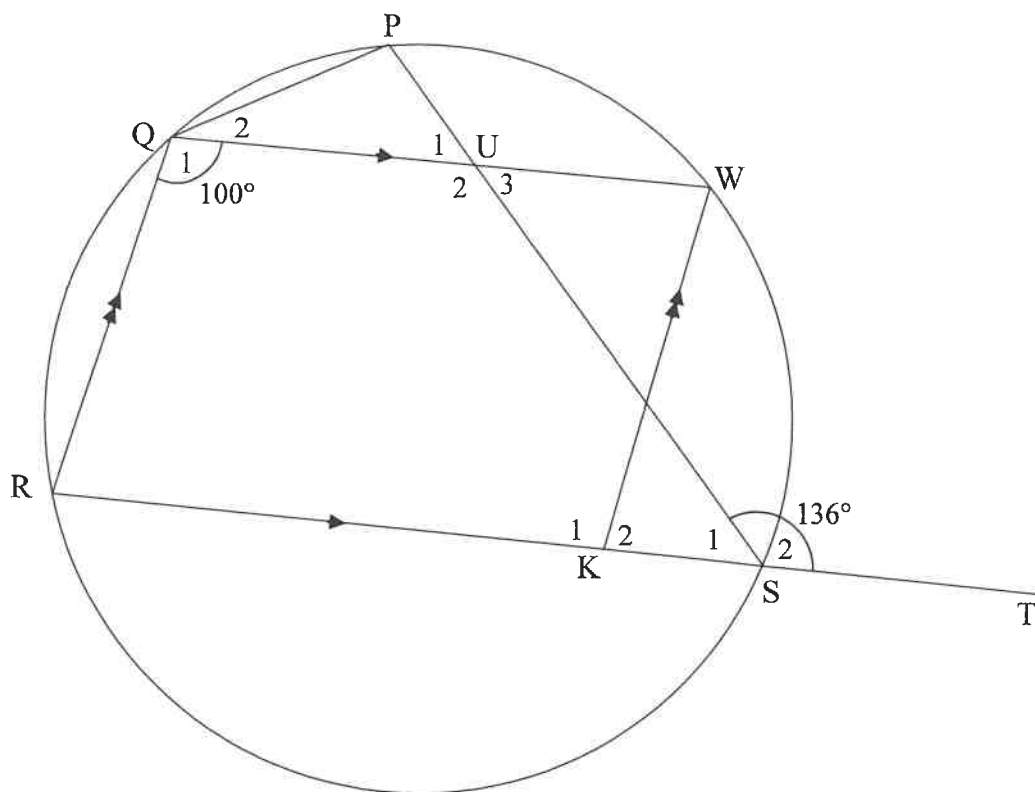


- 7.1 Determine AK in terms of x . (2)
- 7.2 Write down the size of $\hat{KCF}$. (1)
- 7.3 It is further given that $\hat{AKF}$, the angle between the solar panel and the concrete slab, is y . Determine the area of $\triangle AKF$ in terms of x and y . (7)

[10]

QUESTION 8

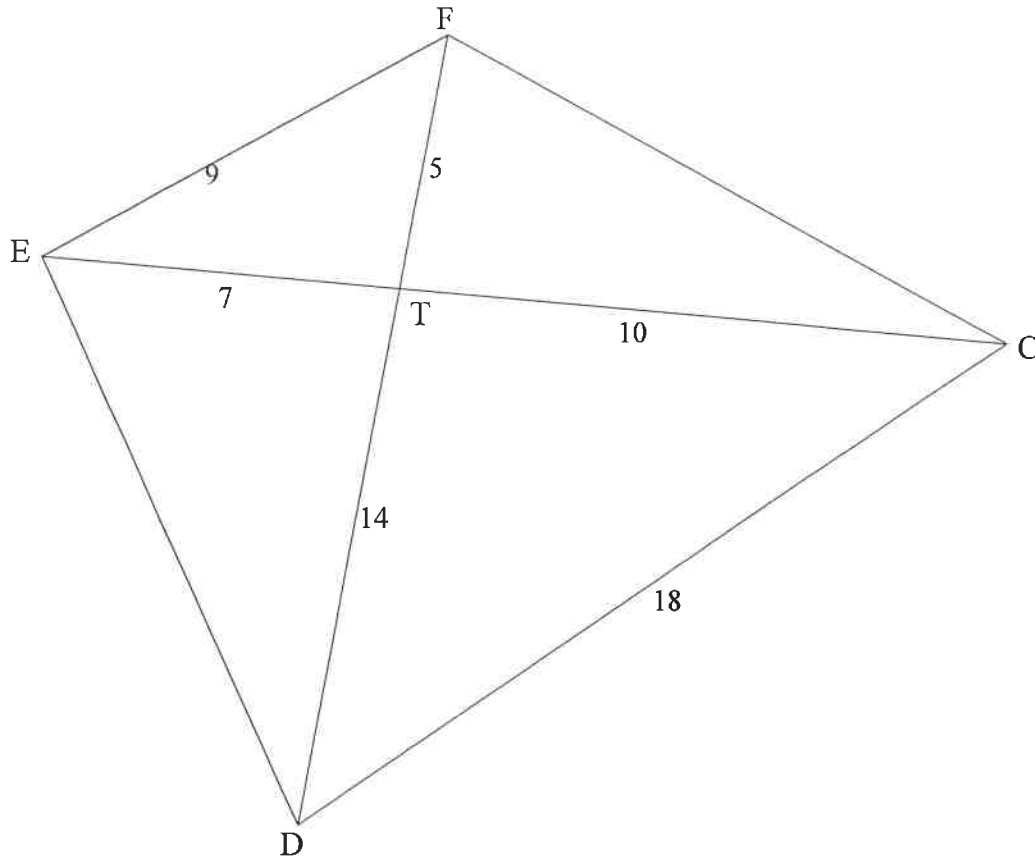
- 8.1 In the diagram, PQRS is a cyclic quadrilateral. Chord RS is produced to T. K is a point on RS and W is a point on the circle such that QRKW is a parallelogram. PS and QW intersect at U. $\angle PST = 136^\circ$ and $\hat{Q}_1 = 100^\circ$.



Determine, with reasons, the size of:

- | | | |
|-------|--------------|-----|
| 8.1.1 | $\hat{R}$ | (2) |
| 8.1.2 | $\hat{P}$ | (2) |
| 8.1.3 | $\angle PQW$ | (3) |
| 8.1.4 | $\hat{U}_2$ | (2) |

- 8.2 In the diagram, the diagonals of quadrilateral CDEF intersect at T.
 $EF = 9$ units, $DC = 18$ units, $ET = 7$ units, $TC = 10$ units, $FT = 5$ units and
 $TD = 14$ units.

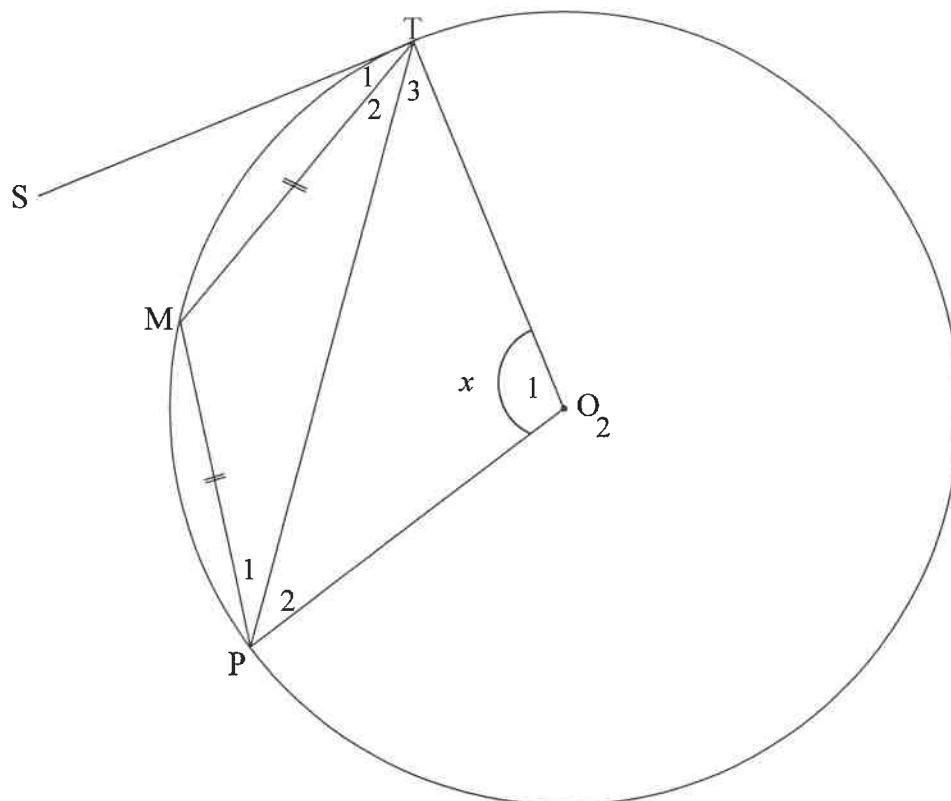


Prove, with reasons, that:

- 8.2.1 $\angle FTD = \angle CTD$ (4)
- 8.2.2 $\angle FDC = \angle DEC$ (3)
- [16]**

QUESTION 9

In the diagram, O is the centre of the circle. ST is a tangent to the circle at T . M and P are points on the circle such that $TM = MP$. OT , OP and TP are drawn. Let $\hat{O}_1 = x$.

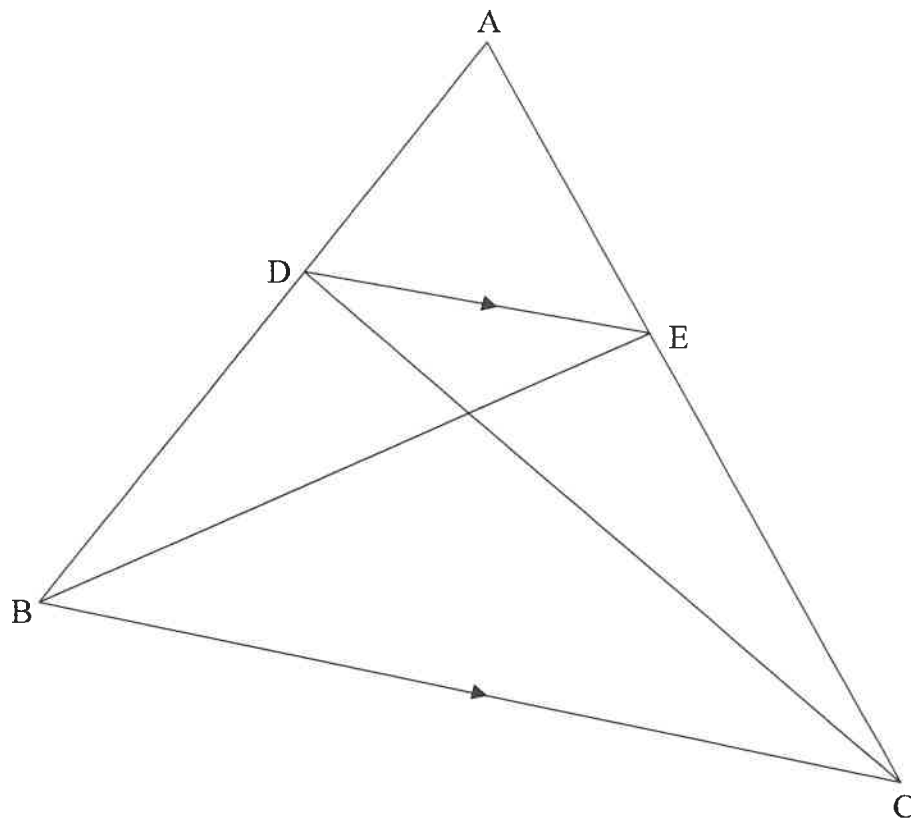


Prove, with reasons, that $\hat{STM} = \frac{1}{4}x$.

[7]

QUESTION 10

- 10.1 In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is drawn. D is a point on AB and E is a point on AC such that $DE \parallel BC$. BE and DC are drawn.

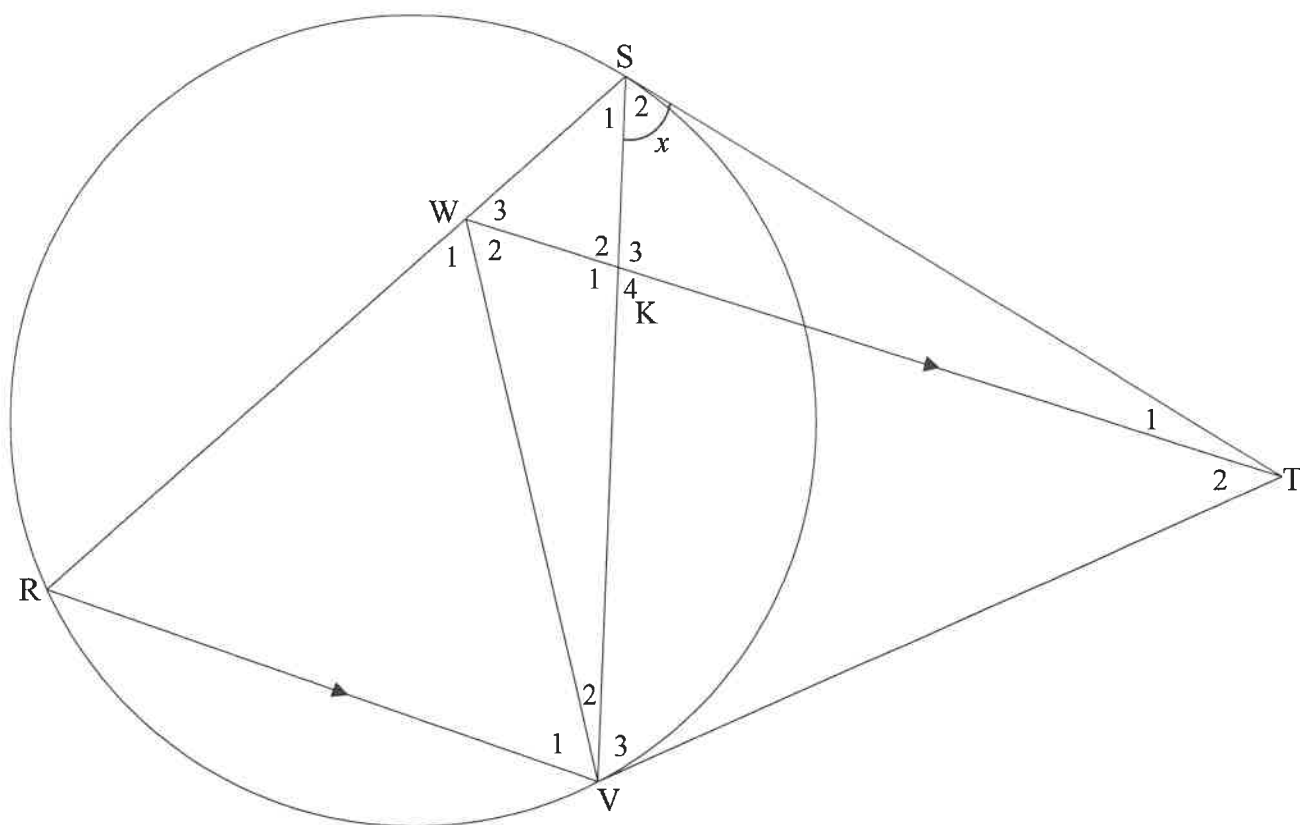


Use the diagram to prove the theorem which states that a line drawn parallel to one side of a triangle divides the other two sides proportionally, in other words

prove that $\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{AE}{EC}$

(6)

- 10.2 In the diagram, ST and VT are tangents to the circle at S and V respectively. R is a point on the circle and W is a point on chord RS such that WT is parallel to RV . SV and WV are drawn. WT intersects SV at K . Let $\hat{S}_2 = x$.



10.2.1 Write down, with reasons, THREE other angles EACH equal to x . (6)

10.2.2 Prove, with reasons, that:

(a) $WSTV$ is a cyclic quadrilateral (2)

(b) $\triangle WRV$ is isosceles (4)

(c) $\triangle WRV \parallel \triangle TSV$ (3)

(d) $\frac{RV}{SR} = \frac{KV}{TS}$ (4)

[25]

TOTAL: 150

INFORMATION SHEET: MATHEMATICS

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$A = P(1 + ni)$$

$$A = P(1 - ni)$$

$$A = P(1 - i)^n$$

$$A = P(1 + i)^n$$

$$T_n = a + (n - 1)d$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$$

$$T_n = ar^{n-1}$$

$$S_n = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1}; r \neq 1$$

$$S_\infty = \frac{a}{1 - r}; -1 < r < 1$$

$$F = \frac{x[(1 + i)^n - 1]}{i}$$

$$P = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$M\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}; \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$

$$y = mx + c$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \tan \theta$$

$$(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$$

$$\text{In } \triangle ABC: \quad \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos A$$

$$\text{area } \triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \cdot \sin C$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \begin{cases} \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ 1 - 2\sin^2 \alpha \\ 2\cos^2 \alpha - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$

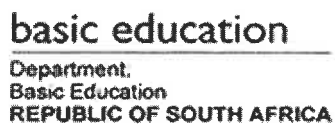
$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{n(A)}{n(S)}$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$\hat{y} = a + bx$$

$$b = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})(y - \bar{y})}{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}$$

Candidate Barcode label/*Stafieskodeplakker*NSC Answer Book
*NSS Antwoordeboek*National Senior Certificate/*Nasionale Senior Sertifikaat* (Grade 12/*Graad 12*)[illegible]

MARKER/NASIENER				MODERATOR'S INITIALS IN RELEVANT BLOCK MODERATOR SE VOORLETTERS IN RELEVANTE BLOKKIE									
Question Vraag	Marks Punte	Marker's Code & Initials Nasiener se kode & Voorletters		Marks Punte	SM	Marks Punte	DCM AHN	Marks Punte	CM HN	Marks Punte	IM	Marks Punte	EM
1													
2													
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5													
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7													
8													
9													
10													

CONTROLLED AND CERTIFIED CORRECT
(SURNAME AND INITIALS OF EA)
GEKONTROLEER EN AS KORREK
GESERTIFISEER (VAN EN VOORLETTERS
VAN EA)

READ INSTRUCTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE.
LEES INSTRUKSIES OP VOLGENDE BLADSY

This answer book consists of 24 pages./Hierdie antwoordeboek bestaan uit 24 bladsye.

FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY	VOLG HIERDIE INSTRUKSIES NOUKEURIG
- Clearly write your examination number and centre number in the space provided and attach your barcode label in the space provided. - Remember that your own name (or the name of your school) may not appear anywhere on or in this answer book. - Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided. - No pages may be torn from this answer book. - Read the instructions printed on your timetable carefully as well as any other instructions which may be given in each examination paper. - Candidates may not retain an answer book or remove it from the examination room. - Answers must be written in black/blue ink as distinctly as possible. Do not write in the margins. - Write the numbers of the questions you have answered on the front cover of the answer book where marks are to be recorded. - If you require additional space for your answers: - Use the additional space provided at the end of the answer book. - When answering a question in the additional space, indicate clearly the question number in the column on the LHS. - Rule off after each answer. - Draw a neat line through any work/rough work that must not be marked.	- Skryf jou eksamennommer en sentrumnummer duidelik in die ruimtes verskaf en plak jou stafieskodeplakker in die ruimte verskaf. - Onthou dat jou eie naam (of die naam van jou skool) NIE op of in hierdie antwoordeboek mag voorkom NIE. - Beantwoord ALLE vrae in die ruimtes wat verskaf is. - GEEN bladsye mag uit hierdie antwoordeboek geskeur word NIE. - Lees die instruksies, wat op jou eksamenrooster gedruk is, sorgvuldig deur, asook enige ander instruksies wat in elke vraestel gegee word. - GEEN antwoordeboek mag deur die kandidaat behou of uit die eksamenlokaal verwyder word NIE. - Skryf die antwoorde so duidelik moontlik met swart/blou ink. Laat die kantlyne oop. - Skryf die nommers van die vrae wat jy beantwoord het op die voorblad van die antwoordeboek waar die punte aangebring word. - In geval jy bykomende ruimte benodig vir jou antwoorde: - Gebruik die bykomende ruimte wat aan die einde van die antwoordeboek verskaf word. - As 'n vraag in die bykomende ruimte beantwoord word, dui duidelik die vraagnommer in die kolom aan die LK aan. - Trek 'n lyn na elke antwoord. - Trek 'n netjiese lyn deur enige werk/rofwerk wat nie nagesien moet word nie.

QUESTION/VRAAG 1

MONTHLY INCOME (IN RANDS) MAANDELIKSE INKOMSTE (IN RAND)	9 000	13 500	15 000	16 500	17 000	20 000
MONTHLY REPAYMENT (IN RANDS) MAANDELIKSE PAAIEMENT (IN RAND)	2 000	3 000	3 500	5 200	5 500	6 000

	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
1.1		(3)
1.2		(2)
1.3		(1)
1.4		(2)
		[8]

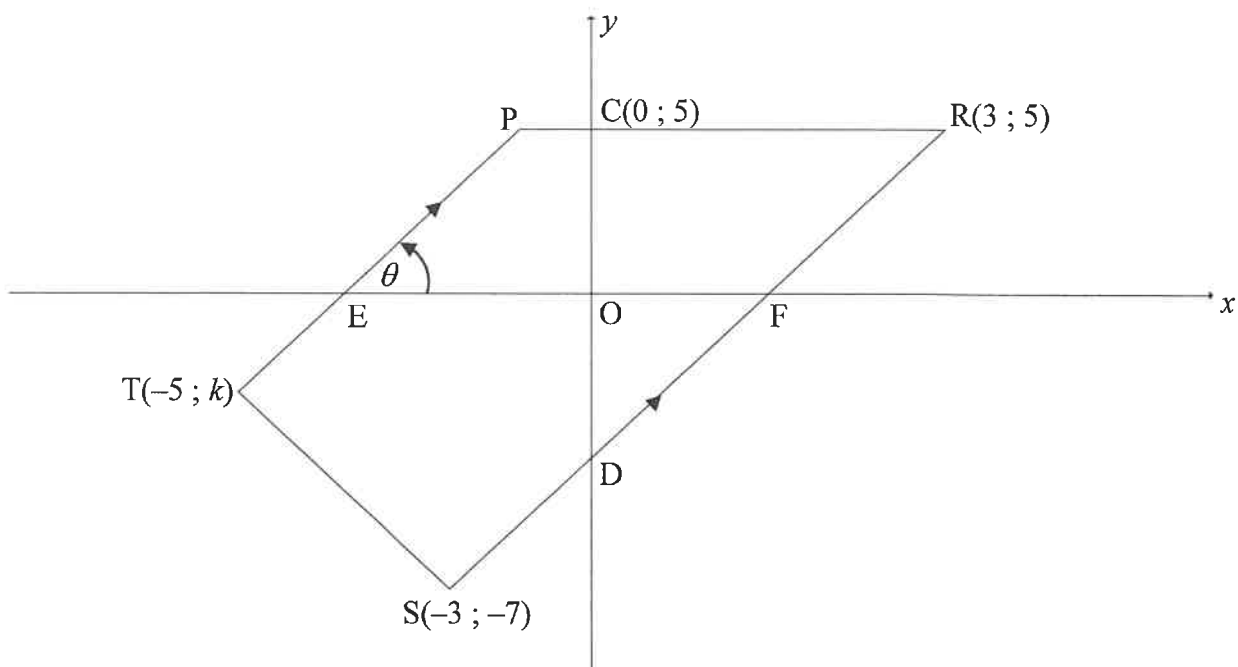
QUESTION/VRAAG 2

AMOUNT PAID (IN RANDS) BEDRAG BETAAL (IN RAND)	FREQUENCY FREKWENSIE
$0 < x \leq 100$	7
$100 < x \leq 200$	12
$200 < x \leq 300$	a
$300 < x \leq 400$	35
$400 < x \leq 500$	b
$500 < x \leq 600$	6

	Solution/Oplossing	Marks Punte
2.1		(1)
2.2		(5)
2.3		(1)

	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
2.4	OGIVE/OGIEF Amount paid (in rands) for cellphone contracts per month/ Bedrag (in rand) betaal aan selfoonkontrakte per maand	(4)
2.5		(2)
		[13]

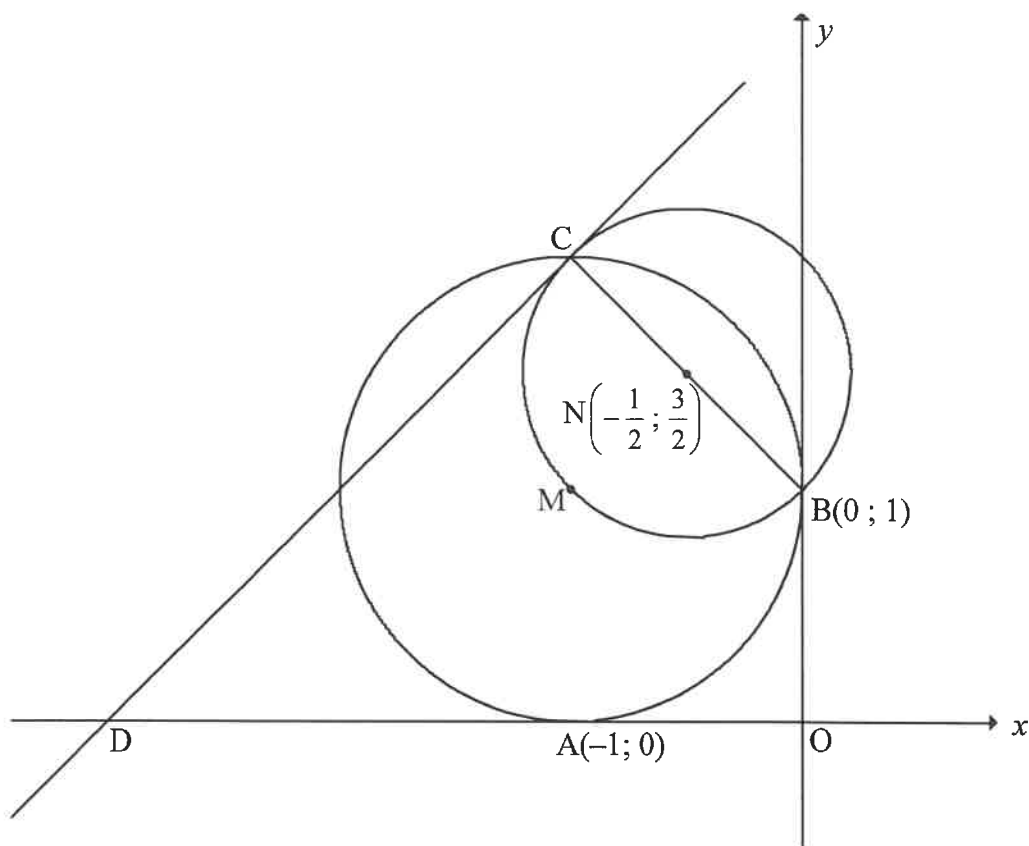
QUESTION/VRAAG 3



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
3.1		(1)
3.2.1		(2)
3.2.2		(3)

	Solution/<i>Oplossing</i>	Marks <i>Punte</i>
3.2.3		(3)
3.3		(4)
3.4		(3)
3.5		(3)
		(3)
		[19]

QUESTION/VRAAG 4



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
4.1		(3)
4.2		(2)

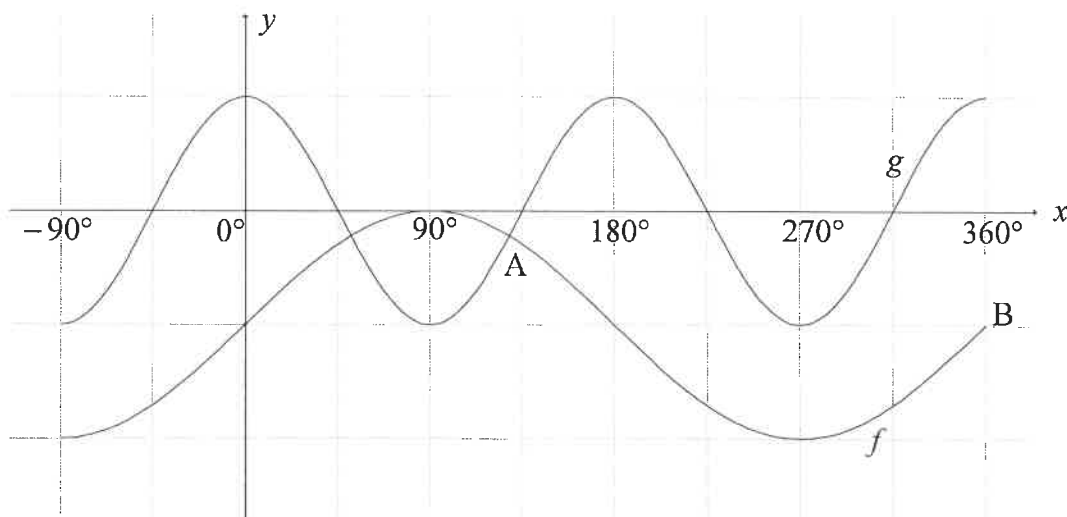
	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
4.3		(4)
4.4		(3)
4.5		(3)
4.6		(5)
		[20]

QUESTION/VRAAG 5

	Solution/<i>Oplossing</i>	Marks <i>Punte</i>
5.1		(5)
5.2		(4)
5.3		(4)

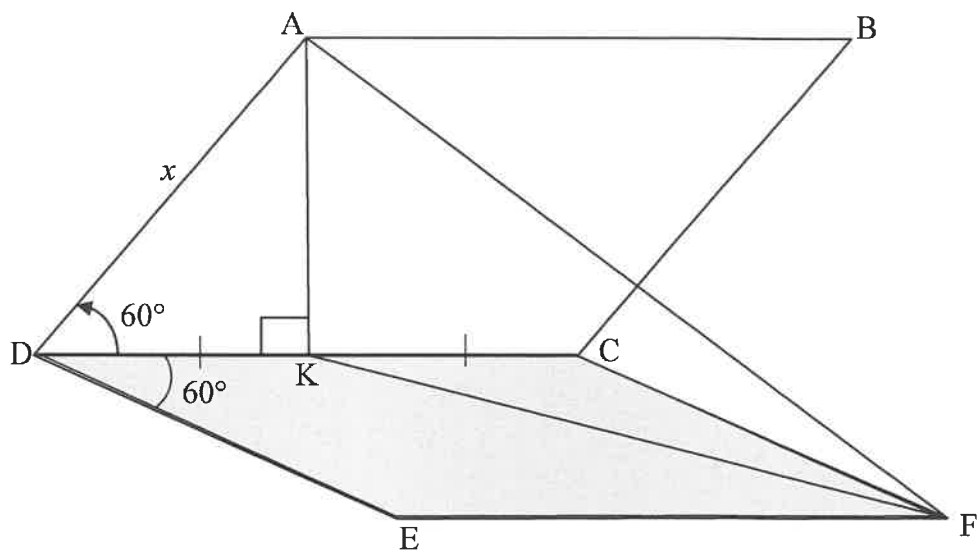
	Solution/<i>Oplossing</i>	Marks <i>Punte</i>
5.4.1		
		(6)
5.4.2		
		(3)
		[22]

QUESTION/VRAAG 6



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
6.1		(2)
6.2		(2)
6.3		(6)
		[10]

QUESTION/VRAAG 7

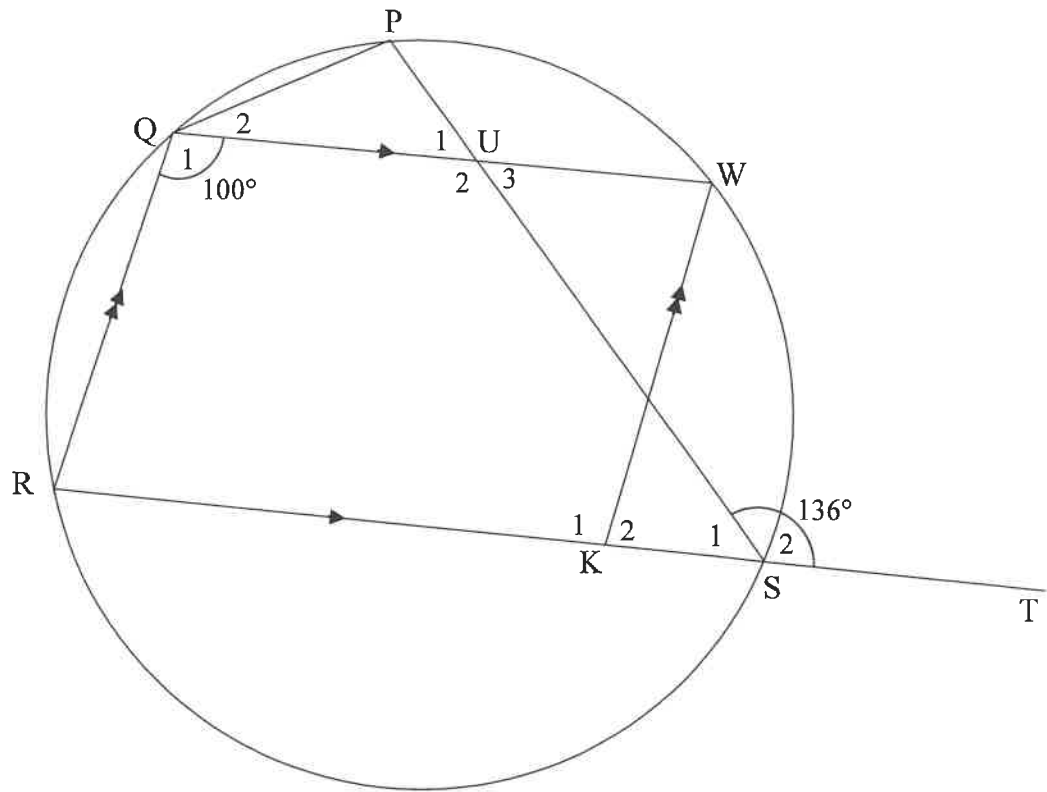


	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
7.1		(2)
7.2		(1)
7.3		(7)
		[10]

Give reasons for your statements in QUESTIONS 8, 9 and 10.
Gee redes vir jou bewerings in VRAAG 8, 9 en 10.

QUESTION/VRAAG 8

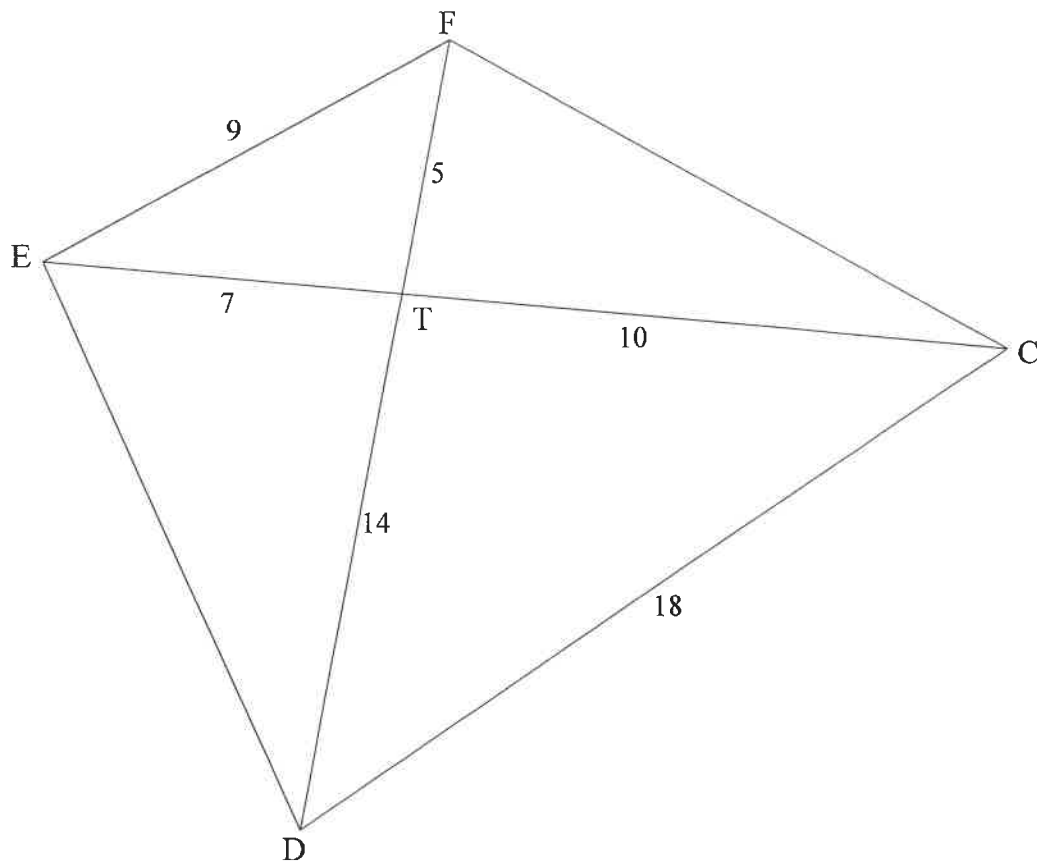
8.1



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
8.1.1		(2)
8.1.2		(2)

	Solution/<i>Oplossing</i>	Marks <i>Punte</i>
8.1.3		(3)
8.1.4		(2)

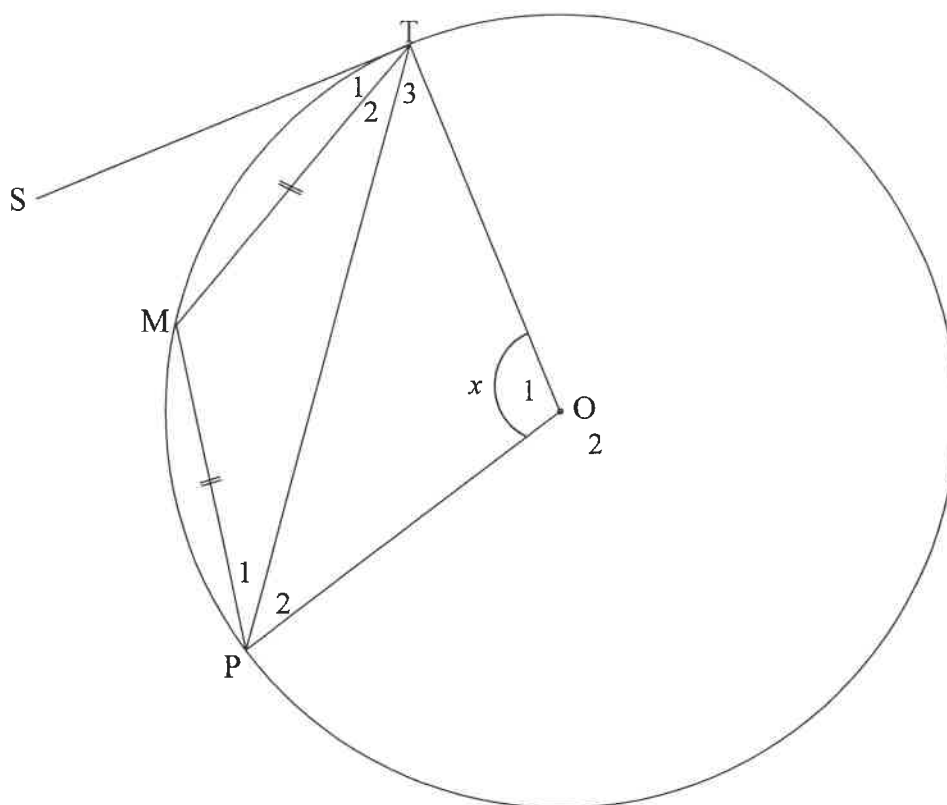
8.2



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
8.2.1		
		(4)

	Solution/<i>Oplossing</i>	Marks <i>Punte</i>
8.2.2		
		(3)
		[16]

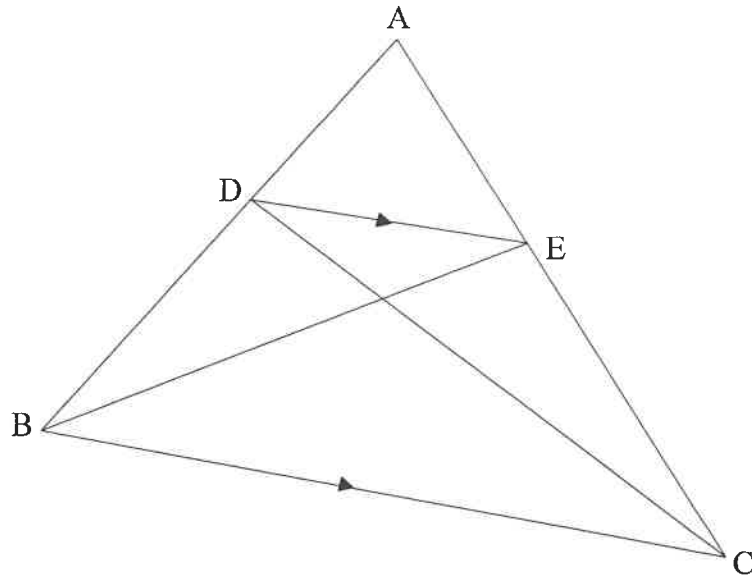
QUESTION/VRAAG 9



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
		[7]

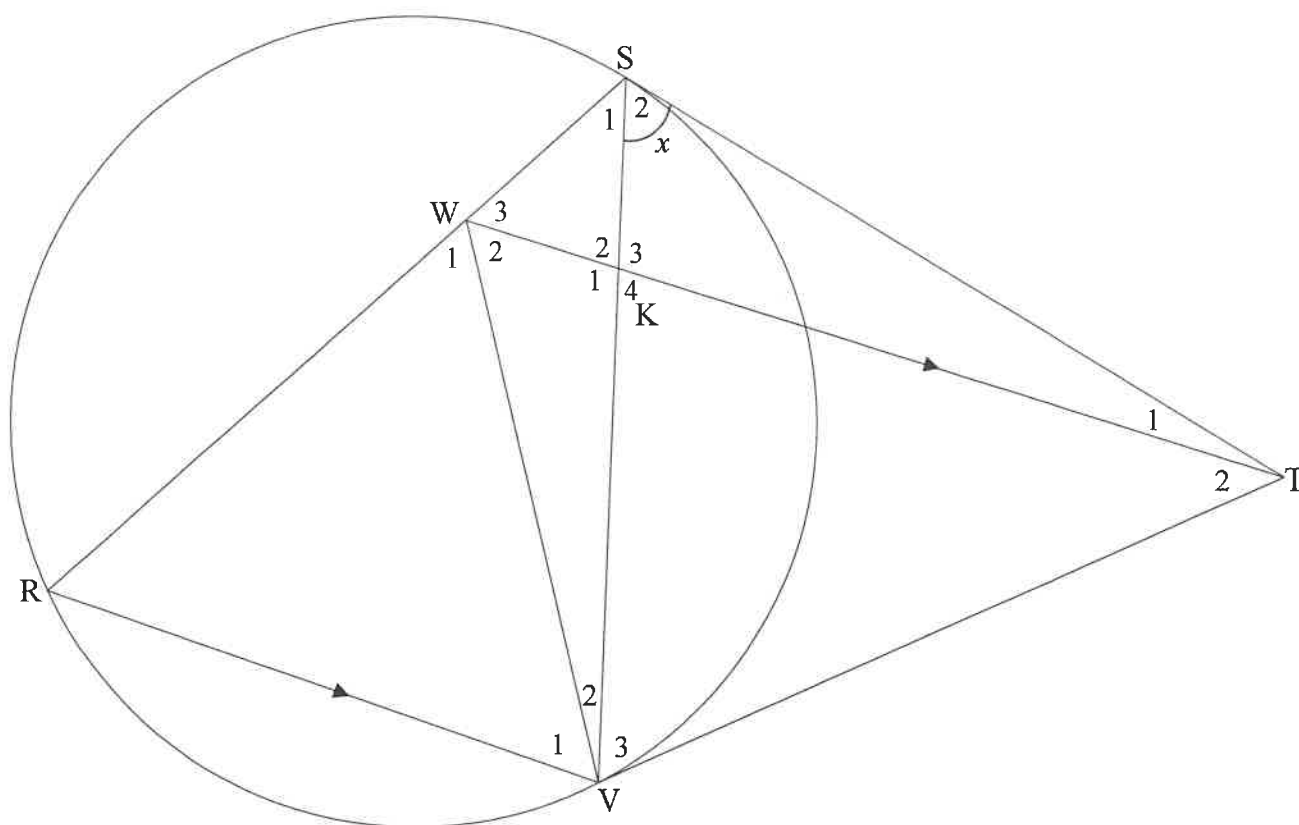
QUESTION/VRAAG 10

10.1



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
		(6)

10.2



	Solution/Oplissing	Marks Punte
10.2.1		(6)
10.2.2(a)		(2)

10.2.2(b)		
10.2.2(c)		(4)
10.2.2(d)		(3)
		(4)
		[25]

[illegible]

[illegible]

TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150

