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KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCE
EDUCATION
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
PREPARATORY EXAMINATION
SEPTEMBER 2021

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

**This question paper consists of 12 pages and
an Addendum with 4 annexures.**

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer ALL the questions.
2. Use the ANNEXURES in the ADDENDUM to answer the following questions:
 - ANNEXURE A for QUESTION 1.2.1 – 1.2.4
 - ANNEXURE B for QUESTION 2.1.1 – 2.1.5
 - ANNEXURE C for QUESTION 2.2.1, 2.2.3 – 2.2.5
 - ANNEXURE D for QUESTION 4.2.1 and 4.2.2
3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
4. Start EACH question on a NEW page.
5. You may use an approved calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
6. Show ALL calculations clearly.
7. Round off ALL final answers appropriately according to the given context, unless stated otherwise.
8. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable.
9. Maps and diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
10. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 The data shown in TABLE 1 below shows the data that was collected to investigate whether the pandemic (Covid 19) had an impact on the 2020 matric results of government schools. 2019 and 2020 columns show provincial pass rates.

TABLE 1: COVID 19 EFFECT ON MATRIC PASS RATE

Province	Number of:		Provincial Pass rate		Difference	Impact
	Infections	Deaths	2019	2020		
Free State	79 049	3 039	88,4	85,1	-3,2	Significant
Gauteng	400 636	9 392	87,2	83,8	-3,5	Significant
North West	59 948	1 057	86,8	76,2	-10,6	Enormous
Western Cape	273 433	10 984	82,2	79,9	-2,4	Slight
KwaZulu Natal	326 031	9 400	81,3	77,6	-3,7	Significant
Mpumalanga	69 613	1 213	80,3	73,7	-6,6	Great
Northern Cape	33 337	650	76,5	66,0	-10,5	Enormous
Eastern Cape	193 549	11 189	76,5	68,1	-8,3	Great
Limpopo	61 170	1 784	73,0	68,2	-5,0	Significant

Source: [www.dailymaverick.co.za]

Use the information in TABLE 1 above to answer the questions that follow.

- 1.1.1 What type of statistical graph can be used to compare the pass rates for 2019 and 2020? (2)
- 1.1.2 Write down the modal pass rate for the 2019 data. (2)
- 1.1.3 Name TWO provinces that had the greatest drop in the pass rate from 2019 to 2020. (2)
- 1.1.4 Arrange the number of deaths in descending order. (2)
- 1.1.5 Is there any relationship between the number of deaths and the provincial pass rates for 2020? (2)

- 1.2 Mr Eddie Scott's telephone bill is given in ANNEXURE A.

Use the Annexure to answer the questions that follow.

- 1.2.1 What is Eddie Scott's Telkom account number? (2)
- 1.2.2 When is the payment due? (2)
- 1.2.3 What does VAT stand for? (2)

1.2.4 What is the total VAT on this bill?

(2)

1.3 Xolani operates a Spaza Shop and orders his stock, in cartons, from Cash-and-Carry wholesalers. Given below is an extract from a Cash-and-Carry wholesale catalogue and all prices include 15% VAT. The price of each carton is written below each item.

 R204,99	 R88,99 R11,99	 R92,99 Unit R15,49
 R107,99	 R524,99 R524,99	 R66,99 Unit R5,50
 R112,99  R136,99  R204,99	 R204,99  R279,99  R204,99	 R144,99

Source: [www.my-catalogue.co.za/advance-cash-and-carry]

1.3.1 Explain the meaning of the word “selling price” in the context of Xolani's shop.

(2)

1.3.2 What is the cost price for a 1,5 litre bottle of Sparletta cold drink?

(2)

1.3.3 Which items cost the same amount per carton?

(3)

- 1.3.4 Calculate the number of tins of Corned Meat in a carton if the unit price is R15,49. (2)
- 1.3.5 Calculate the total cost price of the 9 cartons above. (3)
- [30]**

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Mr. D Ntuli has an account at Fashion Express which is part of TFG group. At Fashion Express a customer can have both a 6-month or a 12-month revolving credit repayment option.

ANNEXURE B shows Mr. Ntuli's statement for the period 14 January 2021 to 12 February 2021.

Use the information in ANNEXURE B to answer the following questions.

- 2.1.1 What was the opening balance for the 6-month revolving payment option? (2)
- 2.1.2 By the time the statement was released:
- (a) Write down how much Mr. Ntuli could spend on his account? (2)
 - (b) Calculate the percentage decrease from the credit allocation of R8 481 to the amount that he can spend. (3)
- 2.1.3 Show how the closing balance of R1 321,07 for the 12-month revolving credit was determined. (3)
- 2.1.4 How much interest was charged on 12 February 2021? (2)

- 2.2 Mr Naidoo, aged 46, earns a basic salary of R32 800 per month and receives a monthly car allowance of R7 100. On his birthday (January 2021) he got a bonus equivalent to his basic salary.

The following deductions indicated on from his January 2021 payslip.

UIF (R148,72).

Pension Fund (7,5% of his basic salary).

Income Tax.

Medical Aid covering 5 members, Mr Naidoo included.

N.B: The tax on his bonus is deducted in the month that he receives the bonus.

ANNEXURE C shows the 2021 Income Tax tables used to determine the taxpayer's tax liability.

Use ANNEXURE C and the information above to answer the following questions.

- 2.2.1 Write down the type and the amount of rebate Mr. Naidoo is entitled to. (2)

2.2.2 Calculate Mr. Naidoo's monthly pension fund deduction. (2)

2.2.3 Calculate Mr. Naidoo's taxable income for January 2021.

You may use the formula:

January taxable income = January Gross Income – Pension Fund Deduction (3)

2.2.4 Calculate his annual medical tax credits (MTC). (3)

2.2.5 Use the income tax tables in ANNEXURE C to calculate Mr. Naidoo's monthly tax excluding bonus. (7)

2.2.6 Calculate the tax deducted from Naidoo's January 2021 salary if **tax on his bonus** was R11 808.

You may use the formula:

January Tax = Monthly tax excluding bonus + bonus tax. (2)

- 2.3 Mrs. Reddy lives in a 5 roomed house in Durban excluding the bathroom and a toilet. The house uses 1 lightbulb for each of the 5 rooms, 1 lightbulb for the bathroom and 1 lightbulb for the toilet. TABLE 2 below shows the typical cost of using some appliances.

TABLE 2 – TYPICAL COSTS OF USING SOME APPLIANCES

ITEM	Electrical Rating In Watts	Hours Used Per Day	Days Used Per Month	kWh Used Per Month	Monthly Cost at 209,40 Cents/kWh (VAT Incl.)
Cellphone Charger	28	5	7	0,98	R 2,05
Lighting: Single 100W	100	5	30	15,00	R 31,41
Geyser	2 000	5	30	300,00	R628,20
4 Plate Stove					
Stove: Back Large Plate	1 500	1,5	30	67,50	R141,35
Stove: Back Small Plate	1 000	1	25	25,00	R 52,35
Stove: Front Large Plate	1 500	2	30	90,00	R188,46
Stove: Front Small Plate	1 000	1	15	15,00	R 31,41

Source: [www.durban.gov.za]

Use TABLE 2 above to answer the questions that follow.

2.3.1 Calculate the total monthly cost for lighting Mrs. Reddy's house. (3)

2.3.2 The total cost for Mrs. Reddy for all the appliances excluding 7 lightbulbs, stove and 3 cellphones is **R1 126,77**.

She has been told that the total cost including 7 lightbulbs, stove and 3 cellphones will be more than **R1 800**. Use calculations to verify if the claim is correct. (6)

- 2.3.3 Mrs. Reddy claims that if the family uses the geyser for 2 hours a day for 30 days and use the back large plate and the front small plate of the stove, the electricity bill will decrease by R400. Verify her claim with calculations.

You may use the formula:

$$\text{Total Cost} = \text{kWh (Rating)} \times \text{Hours} \times \text{Per unit charge.}$$

(5)

[45]

QUESTION 3

- 3.1 Musa is building a 4-roomed house for his parents.
The house has reached roof level, he needs to buy tiles.
Build-it has a special on roof tiles.



He needs a loan of R5 000 to buy the tiles. Two options are available to him.

Option 1: ABC Bank can offer him a loan of R5 000 at 7,8% per annum, interest compounded yearly to be repaid over 24 months.

Option 2: His friend can offer him a loan of R5 000 at 9,5% per annum simple interest to be paid back in full at the end of 2 years

- 3.1.1 **Manually** calculate the total amount he will pay back to the bank at the end of 24 months for Option 1. (6)
- 3.1.2 Use your answer for **3.1.1** and total amount for Option 2 to help Musa choose the best option. (5)
- 3.1.3 The projected inflation rate for 2022 is 4,3%. Calculate what Musa should expect to pay for 1 700 double roman roof tiles in 2022 if one tile currently costs R6,29. (4)

- 3.2 The Khumalo family is relocating from Durban to Richards Bay. Mr. Khumalo saw an advert for a house on sale in Aquadene on the internet.



R 780 000

3 Bedroom House

Aquadene

EXCLUSIVE MANDATE Well priced, perfect address, and spacious is this lovely property. This home consists of three bedrooms, two ...

3 2 1 287 m²

TYSON PROPERTIES

Source: [www.property24.com]

Banks use factor tables to calculate what the monthly repayment will be on the house loan. TABLE 3 given below is an extract of the loan factor table.

TABLE 3 – LOAN FACTOR TABLE FOR MORTGAGE BONDS

Annual Interest Rate	Years financed			
	10 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
7,0%	11,61	7,75	7,07	6,65
7,5%	11,87	8,06	7,39	6,99
8,0%	12,13	8,36	7,72	7,34
8,5%	12,40	8,68	8,05	7,69
9,0%	12,67	9,00	8,39	8,05
9,5%	12,94	9,32	8,74	8,41
10,0%	13,22	9,65	9,09	8,78

Source: [www.sars.gov.za]

Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

- 3.2.1 Mr. Khumalo's bank is willing to give him a loan of 110% of the value of the property at 9,5% interest over a period of 25 years. Use TABLE 3 to calculate the monthly repayment of the loan.

You may use the formula:

$$\text{Monthly Repayment} = \frac{\text{Loan Amount} \times \text{Loan Factor}}{1\,000}$$

- 3.2.2 Calculate the real cost of the loan.

You may use the formula:

$$\text{Real Cost of Loan} = \text{Monthly repayment} \times \text{Loan period in months.}$$

- 3.2.3 Calculate the total interest on the loan.

(4)

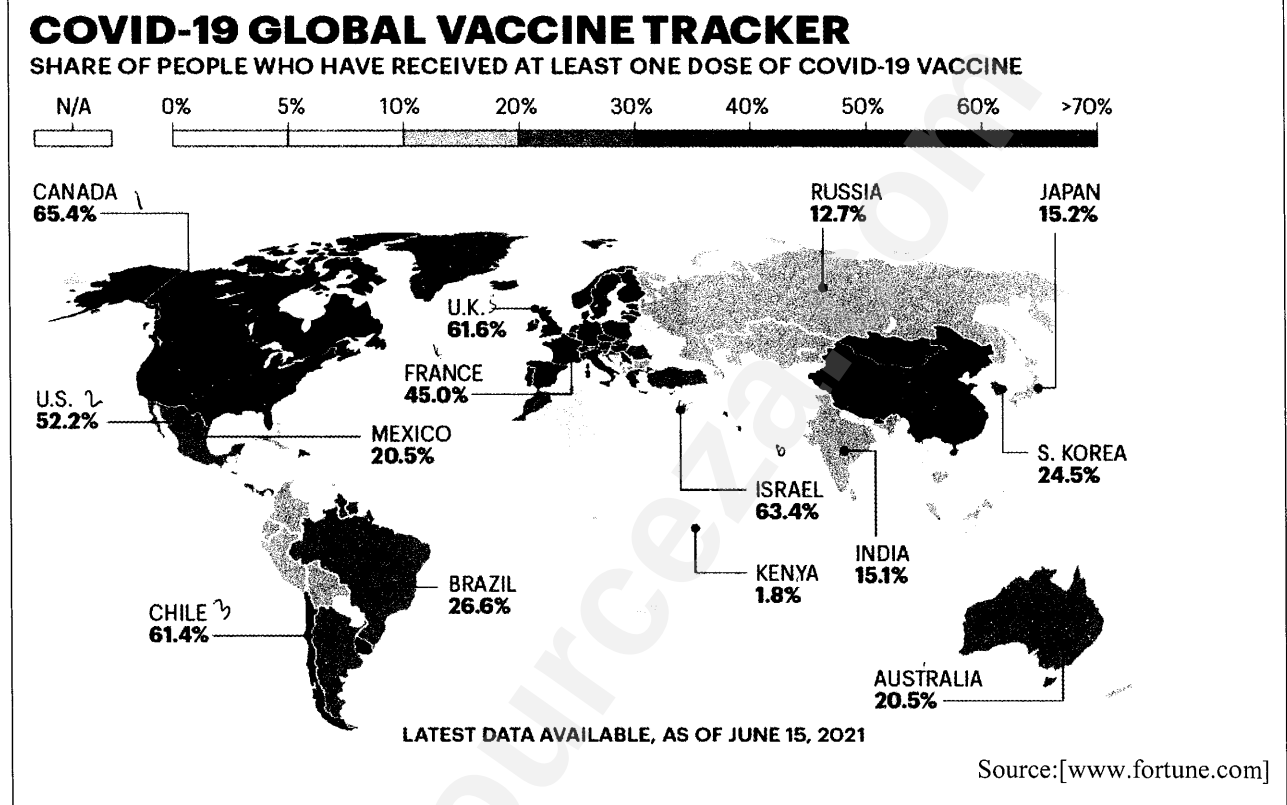
(3)

(2)

[24]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 The graph below shows the global percentage number of people who have received at least one dose of Covid-19 vaccine as of 15 June 2021.



Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

- 4.1.1 Is the data above discrete or continuous? Give a reason for your answer. (2)
- 4.1.2 Write down the percentage of people in Kenya who have received one dose of vaccine. (2)
- 4.1.3 Japan has a population of **126 058 811**. Calculate the number of Japanese who have received the vaccine. (2)
- 4.1.4 What is the range of the percentage global vaccinations? (2)
- 4.1.5 Calculate the mean percentage of the global vaccinations. Round off your answer to one decimal place. (5)
- 4.1.6 Which measure of central tendency will best describe the given data above? Justify your choice. (2)

4.1.7 Give one disadvantage of the mean. (2)

4.1.8 If a country is chosen at random, what is the probability that its percentage of people who have received at least one dose of Covid-19 vaccine is less than the mean percentage you calculated in 4.1.5. Write your answer as a percentage rounded off to one decimal place. (3)

4.2 Travis and his friend always prefer pizza takeaway for lunch every Sunday. Their favorite is Debonairs pizza and fizzy drinks. Debonairs has 4 NEW pizza flavors and 3 cool drink flavors to choose from.

Pizza Flavors

1. Spicy Chicken (SC)
2. Sweet & Sour Rib (SSR)
3. Creamy Chicken (CC)
4. Seasonal Veg (SV)



Cool Drinks

1. Iron Brew (ib)
2. Coca Cola (cl)
3. Sprite (sp)



Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

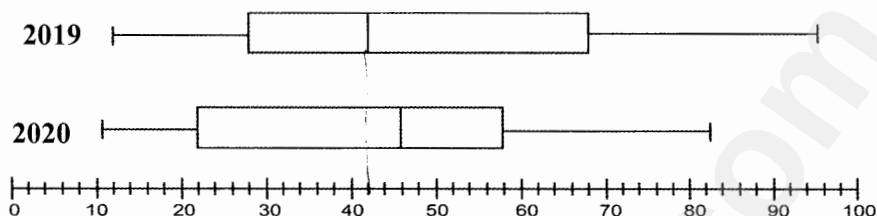
4.2.1 The incomplete tree diagram on Annexure D shows the combination of a pizza and a cool drink Travis and his friend can buy. Write down the missing parts **(a)** and **(b)**. (2)

4.2.2 Use your tree diagram to find the probability of choosing Spicy Chicken with Iron Brew or Coca Cola. Write your answer as a fraction in its simplest form. (3)

[25]

QUESTION 5

- 5.1 The box-and-whisker plots below show the March Test Mathematical Literacy results for the 2019 and 2020 Maranatha High School Mathematical Literacy classes.



Use the diagram above to answer the questions that follow.

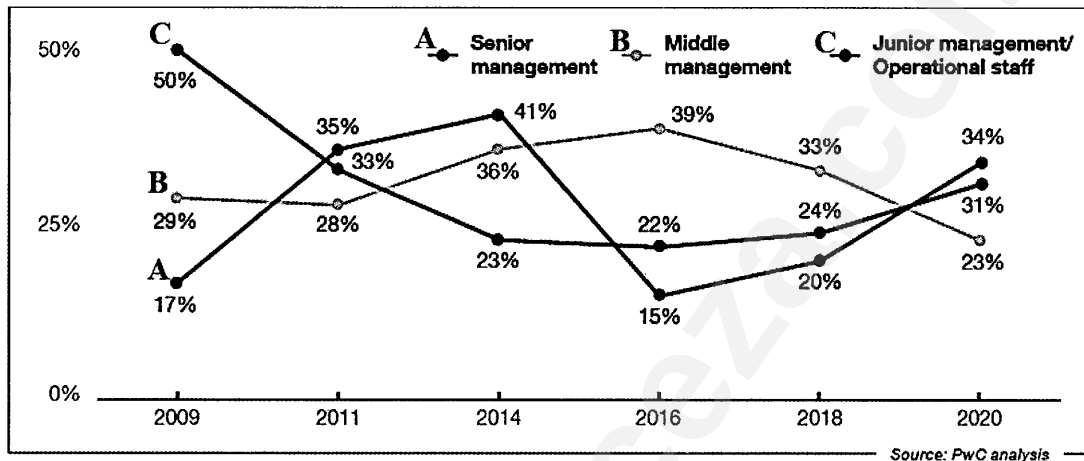
- 5.1.1 Write down the minimum and maximum marks for the 2019 class. (2)
- 5.1.2 The class of 2019 had 120 Mathematical Literacy learners. Calculate the number of learners who got a mark that was less than the Lower Quartile (Q_1) as well as the value of Q_1 . (4)
- 5.1.3 Calculate the interquartile range (IQR) for the 2020 class marks. You may use the formula:

$$\text{IQR} = Q_3 - Q_1$$
 (4)
- 5.1.4 Compare the two box-and-whisker-plots and decide on the class whose learners performed better in the March test. Justify your answer. (4)

- 5.2 Organised crime in work places is a common phenomenon in South Africa. The perpetrators are mostly managers at different levels. The graph below shows main perpetrators of internal fraud in work places.

Main perpetrators of internal fraud in South Africa

Q At what level within your organisation was the internal perpetrator of the most disruptive economic crime incident?



- 5.2.1 What type of graph is used to display this data? (2)
- 5.2.2 Which year witnessed the same percentage level of internal fraud by managers in South Africa and what was the approximate level for that particular year? (2)
- 5.2.3 Describe the trend shown by the graph from 2016 to 2020. (4)
- 5.2.4 It was stated that internal fraud led to losses that exceed \$100 million or R1,45 billion. Use these values to find the rand / dollar exchange rate used in this statement. Write your answer in the form rounded to three decimal places. (4)
- R1: \$.....** [26]

TOTAL MARKS 150



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GRADE 12

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
PREPARATORY EXAMINATION
ADDENDUM
SEPTEMBER 2021**

This addendum consists of 5 pages with 4 annexures.

ANNEXURE A

QUESTION 1.2

Tax invoice

Telkom

MR. EDDIE SCOTT
25 STEPHEN OFFER TERRACE
ESHOWE
3815

Account no 337674956
Invoice no A169941157
Invoice date 09 Mar2021

VAT Inclusive

Subscription & usage for 0354740301 Fixed Voice BB and I				R 360.72
Subscription services				
Description	Period			
YourLine (NOT INCLUDED IN VAT CALCULATION)	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21		R 210.00	
Subtotal			R 210.00	
Usage				
Type	No of calls/usage			
National	4		R 3.32	
Special service/numbers	1		R 0.64	
Mobile	54		R 146.76	
Subtotal			R 150.72	
Subscription & usage for 0354740301_1 FixedVoice BB and I				R 166.45
Subscription services				
Description	Period			
DSL Fast	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21		R 166.45	
Subtotal			R 166.45	
Subscription & usage for TIN2836849 TIAI All Access Uncapped				R 252.55
Subscription services				
Description	Period			
Home Uncapped (2 Mbps)	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21		R 252.55	
Subtotal			R 252.55	
Total (Charges for Mar 2021)				R 779.72
VAT @ 15% included on taxable items				R 101.70
PAYMENT DUE: 01 APRIL 2021				

Source: Extracted from a Telkom Statement

ANNEXURE B

QUESTION 2.1

TFG ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF D NTULI

TFG

ACCOUNT STATEMENT





MR D NTULI
P O BOX 38107
EMLALAZI
3894

STANLEY LEWIS CENTRE
340 VOORTREKKER ROAD
PAROW EAST, CAPE TOWN
7500

DATE	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	
PAYMENTS ON THIS STATEMENT			195,00 CR	
6 MTHS REVOLVING OPENING BALANCE			100,00	
14 JAN	FASHION EXPRESS ESHOWE	PURCHASE	269,00	
14 JAN	FASHION EXPRESS ESHOWE	PURCHASE	699,00	
25 JAN	HO DEBIT ORDER STORE	DB ORDER PMT	30,00 CR	
INSTALMENT	175,00 DUE	175,00	CLOSING BALANCE 1 038,00	
12 MTHS REVOLVING OPENING BALANCE			1 462,72	
25 JAN	HO DEBIT ORDER STORE	DB ORDER PMT	165,00 CR	
12 FEB		INTEREST	23,35	
INSTALMENT	165,00 DUE	165,00	CLOSING BALANCE 1 321,07	
My current Credit allocation	What can I spend?	What is my instalment?	How much am I in arrears by?	What is my balance?
8 481,00	6 121,00	340,00	0,00	2 359,07
CURRENT	30 DAYS	60 DAYS	90 DAYS +	TOTAL DUE (BY 1 ST)
340	0,00	0,00	0,00	340

[Adapted from a TFG account]

ANNEXURE C

QUESTION 2.2

RATES OF TAX FOR INDIVIDUALS**2021 tax year (1 March 2020 - 28 February 2021)**

Taxable income (R)	Rates of tax (R)
1 – 205 900	18% of taxable income
205 901 – 321 600	37 062 + 26% of taxable income above 205 900
321 601 – 445 100	67 144 + 31% of taxable income above 321 600
445 101 – 584 200	105 429 + 36% of taxable income above 445 100
584 201 – 744 800	155 505 + 39% of taxable income above 584 200
744 801 – 1 577 300	218 139 + 41% of taxable income above 744 800
1 577 301 and above	559 464 + 45% of taxable income above 1 577 300

Tax Rebates

Tax Rebate	Tax Year (2021)
Primary	R14 958
Secondary (65 and older)	R8 199
Tertiary (75 and older)	R2 736

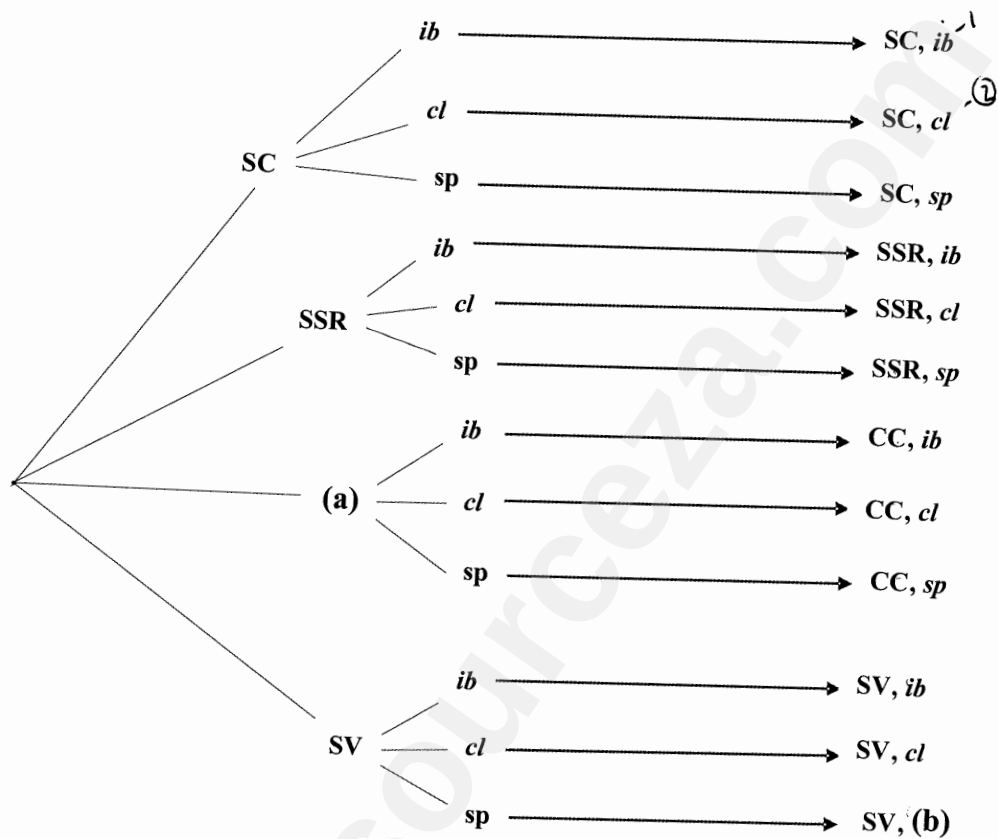
Medical Tax Credits (MTC)

Main Member	R319 per month
First Dependent	R319 per month
Each Additional Dependent	R215 per month

Source: [www.sars.go.za]

ANNEXURE D

QUESTION 4.2.1





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GRADE 12

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
PREPARATORY EXAMINATION
MARKING GUIDELINE**

SEPTEMBER 2021

MARKS: 150

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RD/RM	Reading from a table/ graph/ diagram/map
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
O	Opinion/ reason/deduction/example/Explanation
J	Justification
R	Rounding off
F	deriving a formula
AO	Answer only full marks
P	Penalty e.g. for units, incorrect rounding off etc.
NPR	No penalty for rounding / units

This marking guideline consists of 10 pages.

QUESTION 1 [30 MARKS]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	T & L
1.1.1	Compound bar graph✓✓A OR Multiple Bar graph✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	DH L1
1.1.2	76,5%✓✓RT	2RT reading from table (2)	DH L1
1.1.3	North West and Northern Cape✓✓RT	1RT for NW 1RT for NC (2)	DH L1
1.1.4	11 189; 10 984; 9 400; 9 392; 3 039; 1 784; 1 213; 1 057; 650✓✓A	2A answer (2)	DH L1
1.1.5	There is no relationship✓✓A	2A amount (2)	DH L1
1.2.1	337674956✓✓A	2A answer (2)	F L1
1.2.2	01 April 2021 OR 01/04/2021✓✓A	2A answer (2)	F L1
1.2.3	Value Added Tax✓✓A	2A answer (2)	F L1
1.2.4	R101,70✓✓RG	2RG correct reading (2)	F L1
1.3.1	The amount buyers will pay for the goods Xolani is selling✓✓O	2E explanation (2)	F L1
1.3.2	R11,99✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	F L1
1.3.3	Coke cans✓A Oil Sunola✓A Lucky Star Fish✓A	1A for Coke cans 1A for Oil Sunola 1A for Lucky Star Fish (3)	F L1
1.3.4	Number of cans = $\frac{R92,99}{R15,49}$ ✓M = 6 ✓A	1M dividing 1A simplification AO (2)	F L1

1.3.5	$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Cost Price} &= \text{R}524,99 + \text{R}204,99 + \text{R}204,99 + \text{R}204,99 \\ &\quad + \text{R}144,99 + \text{R}107,99 + \text{R}92,99 + \text{R}88,99 \\ &\quad + \text{R}66,99 \checkmark \text{A} \checkmark \text{M} \\ &= \text{R}1\,641,91 \checkmark \text{CA} \end{aligned}$	1A all correct values 1M adding 1CA answer 2 values left out 1 out of 3 (3)	F L1
		[30]	

QUESTION 2 [45 MARKS]			
2.1.1	R100✓✓RT	2RT correct reading (2)	F L1
2.1.2 (a)	R6 121,00✓✓RT	2RT correct reading (2)	F L1
2.1.2 (b)	$\begin{aligned} \text{Percentage} &= \frac{\text{R}6\,121 - \text{R}8\,481 \checkmark \text{MA}}{\text{R}8\,481 \checkmark \text{M}} \times 100\% \\ &= -27,83\% \checkmark \text{A} \end{aligned}$ OR $\begin{aligned} \text{Percentage decrease} &= \frac{\text{R}8\,481 - \text{R}6\,121 \checkmark \text{MA}}{\text{R}8\,481 \checkmark \text{M}} \times 100\% \\ &= 27,83\% \checkmark \text{A} \end{aligned}$	1MA subtracting correct values 1M dividing by R8 481 1A answer OR 1SF for substitution 1M dividing by R8 481 1A answer (3)	F L2
2.1.3	$\begin{array}{ccc} \checkmark \text{RT} & \checkmark \text{MA} & \checkmark \text{MA} \\ \text{R}1\,462,72 - \text{R}165,00 + \text{R}23,35 = \text{R}1\,321,07 \end{array}$	1RT for R1 462,72 1MA subtracting R165 1MA adding R23,35 (3)	F L2
2.1.4	R23,35✓✓RT	2RT correct answer (2)	F L1
2.2.1	Primary Rebate (R14 958)✓✓A	1A for Primary Rebate 1A for R14 958 (2)	F L1
2.2.2	$\begin{aligned} \text{Monthly Pension Contribution} &= 7,5\% \times \text{R}32\,800 \checkmark \text{M} \\ &= \text{R}2\,460 \checkmark \text{A} \end{aligned}$	1M multiplying by 7,5% 1A answer (2)	F L2
2.2.3	$\begin{aligned} \text{January taxable income} &= 2(\text{R}32\,800) - \text{R}2\,460 + \text{R}7\,100 \checkmark \checkmark \text{M} \\ &= \text{R}70\,240 \checkmark \text{CA} \end{aligned}$	CA from 2.2.2 1M for R65 600 and adding R7 100 1M for subtracting 2 460 1CA answer (3)	F L2
2.2.4	$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual MTC} &= 12[2(\text{R}319) + 3(\text{R}215)] \checkmark \text{MA} \\ &= \text{R}15\,396 \checkmark \text{CA} \end{aligned}$	1MA multiplying by 12 1CA answer (2)	F L2

2.2.5	Annual taxable income excluding bonus: Annual taxable income = $12(R39\,900 - R2\,460) \checkmark M$ = R449 280 $\checkmark CA$ Annual tax excluding bonus: Tax = $R105\,429 + 36\%(R449\,280 - R445\,100) - R14\,958 - R15\,396 \checkmark A \checkmark M$ = R76 579,80 $\checkmark CA$ Monthly tax = $R76\,579,80 \div 12 \checkmark M$ = R6 381,65 $\checkmark CA$	CA from 2.2.2 and 2.2.4 1M multiplying by 12 1CA answer 1A correct tax rate 1M subtracting rebate and MTC 1CA answer/accuracy 1M dividing by 12 1CA answer/accuracy (7)	F	L3
2.2.6	Tax deducted = $R6\,381,65 + R11\,808 \checkmark SF$ = R18 189,65 $\checkmark CA$	CA from 2.2.5 1SF substitution 1CA answer (2)	F	L2
2.3.1	Number of bulbs = $7 \checkmark A$ Cost for lighting the house = $7 \times R31,41 \checkmark M$ = R219,87 $\checkmark CA$	1A number of bulbs 1M multiplying by 7 1CA answer (3)	F	L2
2.3.2	7 bulbs: $R31,41 \times 7 = R219,87$ Stove: $R141,35 + R52,35 + R188,46 + R31,41 \checkmark M$ = R413,57 $\checkmark A$ 3 Cellphone chargers: $3 \times R2,05 = R6,15 \checkmark A$ Total = $R219,87 + R413,57 + R6,15 + R1\,126,77 \checkmark M$ = R1 766,36 $\checkmark CA$ Claim is invalid $\checkmark O$	CA from 2.3.1 1M adding stove cost 1A simplifying 1A simplifying 1M adding 1CA answer/accuracy 1O opinion (6)	F	L4
2.3.3	Geyser: Charge = $2 \times 2 \times 30 \times R2,0940c \checkmark M$ = R251,28 $\checkmark CA$ OR Cost = $\frac{2}{5} \times R628,20 \checkmark M$ = R251,28 $\checkmark CA$ Stove: $R141,35 + R31,41 = R172,76 \checkmark M$ Total = R424,04 $\checkmark CA$ Claim is NOT valid $\checkmark O$	1M multiplying by 2,094 1CA answer/accuracy OR 1M multiplying by $\frac{2}{5}$ 1CA answer/accuracy 1M adding 1CA total cost 1O opinion (5)	F	L4
		[45]		

QUESTION 3 [28 MARKS]

[illegible]

3.2.1	$\text{Loan Amount} = 1,10 \times \text{R}780\,000 \quad \text{M}$ $= \text{R}858\,000 \checkmark \text{A}$ $\text{Monthly Repayment} = \frac{\text{R}858\,000 \times 8,74}{1\,000} \checkmark \text{SF}$ $= \text{R}7\,498,92 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1M multiplying 1A simplifying 1SF substitution 1CA answer (4)	F L2
3.2.2	$\text{Loan Period} = 300 \text{ months} \checkmark \text{C}$ $\text{Real Cost of Loan} = \text{R}7\,498,92 \times (12 \times 25) \checkmark \text{M}$ $= \text{R}2\,249\,676 \checkmark \text{CA}$	CA from 3.2.1 1C conversion 1M multiplying by 300 1CA answer (3)	F L2
3.2.3	$\text{Total interest} = \text{R}2\,249\,676 - \text{R}858\,000 \checkmark \text{M}$ $= \text{R}1\,391\,676 \checkmark \text{CA}$	CA from 3.2.3 1M subtraction 1CA answer (2)	F L1
		[24]	

QUESTION 4 [25 MARKS]			
4.1.1	Discrete✓A Number of people is countable✓0	1A for discrete 1O for countable (2)	DH L4
4.1.2	1,8% ✓✓RG	2RG answer (2)	DH L1
4.1.3	$15,2\% \times 126\,058\,811$ ✓M $= 19\,160\,939$ ✓A	1M multiplying 1A simplification (2)	DH L2
4.1.4	Range $= 65,4 - 1,8$ ✓M $= 63,6\%$ ✓A	1M concept of range 1A for answer AO (2)	DH L2
4.1.5	Mean $\frac{65,4 + 52,2 + 61,4 + 61,6 + 45 + 20,5 + 26,6 + 12,7 + 63,4 + 1,8 + 151 + 20,5 + 15,2 + 24,5}{14}$ ✓A✓M $= 34,71$ ✓CA $\approx 34,7\%$ ✓R	1A correct percentages 1M adding 1M dividing by 14 1CA answer 1R for rounding off (5)	DH L2
4.1.6	The median because the data entries are widely spread and there is an outlier (1,8%)✓✓A/J	2A/J answer with justification (2)	DH L3
4.1.7	Negatively affected by outlier(s)✓✓0	2O opinion Accept any reasonably answer according to the context (2)	DH L4

4.1.8	$\frac{8 \text{ CA}}{14\checkmark A} \times 100\%$ $= 57,1\%\checkmark R$	CA from 4.1.5 1CA for 8 1A for 14 1R rounding off to 57,1% (3)	P L2
4.2.1		1A for CC 1A for sp (2)	P L3
4.2.2	$\frac{2\checkmark A}{12\checkmark A} = \frac{1}{6}\checkmark S$	1A for numerator 1A for denominator 1S simplifying (3)	P L2
		[25]	

[illegible]

5.2.3	✓ 0 ✓ 0 Fraud in the middle management decreased from 2016 to 2020 ✓ 0 ✓ 0 while junior and senior management increased from 2016 to 2020.	2O describing the trend for middle managers 2O describing the trend for senior managers (4)	DH L4
5.2.4	R1,45 billion : \$100 million R1 450 000 000 : \$100 000 000 ✓ A R1: $\frac{100\,000\,000}{1\,450\,000\,000}$ ✓ M R1: \$0,06896... ✓ CA R1: \$0,069 ✓ R OR R1,45 billion : \$100 million R1 450 million : \$100 million ✓ A R1 : $\frac{100\,million}{1\,450\,million}$ ✓ M R1: \$0,06896 ✓ CA R 1: \$0,069 ✓ R	1A converting both values 1M dividing 1CA simplification 1R correct rounding OR 1A converting value 1M dividing 1CA simplification 1R correct rounding (4)	F L3
		[26]	
TOTAL: 150 MARKS			