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Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS

0580/32

Paper 3 (Core)

February/March 2024

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 104

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the February/March 2024 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Mathematics-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
- 2 Unless specified in the question, non-integer answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
- 3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
- 4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
- 5 Where a candidate has misread a number or sign in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 A or B mark for the misread.
- 6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

- M** Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A** Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B** Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Abbreviations

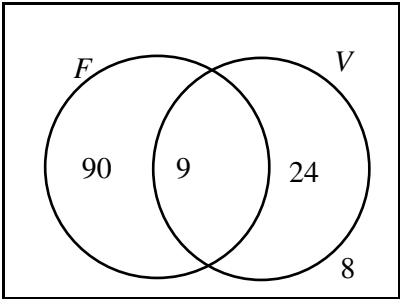
awrt	answers which round to
cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
nfww	not from wrong working
oe	or equivalent
rot	rounded or truncated
SC	Special Case
soi	seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	Ruled line drawn through P , perpendicular to l .	1	
1(b)	rectangle rhombus	2	B1 for each
1(c)	11	1	
1(d)(i)	acute	1	
1(d)(ii)	37	1	
	Angles on a straight line add to 180	1	
1(d)(iii)	32	1	
	Angles in a quadrilateral add to 360	1	
2(a)(i)	22.45	2	M1 for $100 - 55 \times 1.41$ oe or B1 for 77.55
2(a)(ii)	1.8[0]	2	M1 for $(1.50 - 1.41) \times 20$ oe or B1 for 30 and 28.2[0] seen
2(a)(iii)	47.3 or 47.26...	3	M2 for $\frac{63 + 84.5 + 72.23 + 46 + 54.10 + 80}{6 \times 1.41}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{63 + 84.5 + 72.23 + 46 + 54.10 + 80}{1.41}$ oe or $\frac{63 + 84.5 + 72.23 + 46 + 54.10 + 80}{6}$ oe
2(a)(iv)	2	2	M1 for $\frac{1.53 - 1.50}{1.50} \times [100]$ oe or $\frac{1.53}{1.50} \times 100 [-100]$ oe or $\left(\frac{1.53}{1.50} - 1 \right) [\times 100]$ oe
2(b)	65	3	M2 for $39 \times \frac{5}{3}$ oe or M1 for 39 is equivalent to $\frac{3}{5}$ or for $\frac{39}{3}$ if 0 scored then SC1 for $39 \times \frac{5}{2}$ oe

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
2(c)(i)	A straight line through (0,0) and (100,22)	2	B1 for a straight line drawn through the origin or for 2 correct points plotted
2(c)(ii)	4.55 or 4.545...	1	
2(d)	56500, 56600 or 56540 to 56560....	3	M2 for $\pi \times 1.5^2 \times 8 \times 1000$ oe or $\pi \times 150^2 \times 800 \div 1000$ oe or M1 for $\pi \times 1.5^2 \times 8$ oe or $\pi \times 150^2 \times 800$ oe or B1 for final answer figs 565 to 566 If 0 scored, SC1 : for <i>their</i> volume in $\text{m}^3 \times 1000$ or for <i>their</i> volume in $\text{cm}^3 \div 1000$ or for stating clearly $1\text{m}^3=1000\text{l}$ or $1000\text{ cm}^3=1\text{l}$
3(a)	Correct triangle drawn with construction arcs.	2	B1 for correct triangle drawn with incorrect or no arcs or for 2 correct arcs drawn If 0 scored, SC1 for reversed triangle with arcs.
3(b)(i)	<i>G</i>	1	
3(b)(ii)	<i>F</i>	1	
3(c)(i)	$[h=] \frac{7}{2} \tan 62$ oe	M2	M1 for $\tan 62 = \frac{h}{\frac{7}{2}}$ oe
	6.582 to 6.583	A1	
3(c)(ii)	23[.0] or 23.03 to 23.04...	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 6.58$ oe
	cm^2	1	
3(c)(iii)	$\frac{360}{180 - 2 \times 62}$	M2	M1 for $180 - 2 \times 62$ oe
	6.4... which is not integer oe	A1	
4(a)(i)	3	1	
4(a)(ii)	$\frac{11}{58}$ cao	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(a)(iii)	Completely correct bar chart	4	B3 for a bar height 8 drawn for Wednesday or a bar height 12 drawn for Friday. or M2 for $\frac{58-3-4-4-16-11}{2+3} \times k$, $k = 1, 2 \text{ or } 3$ or M1 for $58-3-4-4-16-11$ oe If 0 scored SC1 for 2 bars drawn correctly from their identified values in working
4(a)(iv)	Saturday	1	
4(b)	528	2	M1 for $550 \times \left(1 - \frac{4}{100}\right)$ oe or B1 for 22
4(c)	Positive	1	
4(d)(i)	0.02 0.98 0.98 0.02 0.98 oe	2	B1 for 0.98 correctly placed once on tree or for 0.02 correctly placed twice on tree.
4(d)(ii)	0.0004 oe	2	M1 for 0.02×0.02
4(d)(iii)	83	1	
5(a)(i)	1, 7, 13, 13, 7	3	B2 for 3 or 4 correct or B1 for 1 or 2 correct
5(a)(ii)	Completely correct curve	4	B3FT for 7 or 8 correctly plotted points or B2FT for 5 or 6 correctly plotted points or B1FT for 3 or 4 correctly plotted points
5(a)(iii)(a)	$x = 2.5$ oe	1	
5(a)(iii)(b)	13	1	
5(b)	9	1	
5(c)	$y = -5x + k$ where $k \neq 19$	1	
5(d)	$[y =] -x + 2$ final answer	2	B1 for $[y =] -x + c$ or $[y =] mx + 2$ where m is <i>their</i> gradient

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
5(e)	$[x=]\frac{y-c}{m}$ oe final answer	2	M1 for a correct first step $y-c=mx$ or $\frac{y}{m}=x+\frac{c}{m}$
6(a)(i)	The position of S correctly marked on the diagram	2	B1 for S on bearing 117° from R B1 for S 5.5 cm from R
6(a)(ii)	16 55	3	B2 for 3 [h] 40 [min] or M1 for $\frac{44}{12}$
6(b)	[1:]80	2	M1 for 20:1600 or 0.2:16 or better or $\frac{1600}{20}$ or $\frac{16}{0.2}$ or B1 for answer figs 8
6(c)(i)	$360-288+18$ oe	M2	M1 for $360-288$ or $288-18$ If 0 scored SC1 for 72 and 18 correctly marked on the diagram
6(c)(ii)	11.4 or 11.40 to 11.41	2	M1 for $6^2+9.7^2$ or better
7(a)	11	1	
7(b)(i)	-6	1	
7(b)(ii)	1.875 oe	3	M1 for a correct first step e.g. $8x-7=8$ or $72x-63=72$ M1FT for a correct second step e.g. $8x=15$ or $72x=135$
7(c)	-32	1	
7(d)	$[x=]-19$ $[y=]101$	2	B1 for $[x=]-19$ B1 for $[y=]101$
7(e)	-2, -1, 0, 1	2	B1 for 3 correct and no extras or 4 correct and one extra
7(f)	$35x+160t$ final answer	2	B1 for $35x$ or $160t$ seen in final answer or $35x+160t$ seen and spoilt
7(g)	$x^2+3x-10$ final answer	3	B2 for $x^2+5x-2x-10$ with at least 3 terms correct or B1 for $(x+5)(x-2)$ oe

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
8(a)	71 nfw	4	B3 for 13 and 84 or for 25 and 96 OR B1 for 24 or 96 B1 for 36 or 84
8(b)(i)		3	If answer incorrect can score a maximum of 2 from: B1 for 24 and 8 correctly placed B1 for 9 correctly placed B1FT for <i>their</i> $n(F) = 3 \times \text{their } n(V)$
8(b)(ii)	123	1	B1FT for <i>their</i> $n(F \cup V)$